

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 45

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, DECEMBER 4th, 1930

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

## Coming

### SANTA CLAUS Is On His Way to LAUT'S

Having arranged with Santa to be our guest on the afternoon of SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13th from three to six o'clock, we want all the children in the town and district to visit us on that date.

### ABOUT GIFTS

We flatter ourselves that our Gifts are well chosen but inexpensive.

See Our Display of Dolls, Doll Carriages, Wagons  
Dishes, Games, Books and Other Toys.

All Dishes are being Sold at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Note our assortment of Christmas Candies, Nuts and Fruits. Special Prices to Sunday and Day Schools.

LET US NOT FORGET THAT one of the greatest joys of childhood is the joy of Christmas morning.

## Wm. Laut

The Pioneer Merchant

Crossfield, Alta.

## Why Worry About Winter Driving when we can make it a pleasure.

We can make your car EASY to start and safe to drive this winter. Come in and let us fix you up NOW, before you freeze your car.

Service on all makes of cars,  
trucks and tractors.

Wrecking and Towing Service.

## CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Agents for:

British American Gasoline, Kerosene, Oils and Greases.

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

## The Gophers Prepare for Winter

by laying in a good supply of food, and then block up the hole to keep out the drafts. You can do likewise by ordering your coal and a few storm sash NOW, and enjoy real comfort when the wind blows.

The old reliable Carbon Coal is proving very popular this year. Have you tried it?

## Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

W.R.L.A.

## The New Meat Market QUALITY MEATS

Both Fresh and Cured

### Royer & Gazeley

Service With a Smile

Crossfield, Alta

## The Crossfield Cash Store

GROCERIES DRY GOODS

LADIES, CHILDREN'S and MEN'S WEAR

Economy and Quality Combined

Personal Service

Phone 33

N. A. Johnson

## LOCAL YOUTHS COMMITTED FOR TRIAL ON SEVERAL CHARGES OF BURGLARY

Quite a few burglaries have been committed in Crossfield in the past week, to be correct—five. But they were all cleaned up when William McLeod and Oren Fike were arrested by Constable Jarman, A. P. P., on December 2nd.

The same day they appeared before Ivor Lewis, police magistrate, on four charges of breaking, entering and theft, and on one charge each of breaking and entering. They were committed to stand trial at the next court of competent jurisdiction to be held at Calgary.

At the preliminary hearings these young men admitted their guilt on each charge and asked for speedy trials.

The following stores had been visited by them: The U.F.A. was entered by smashing and going through a basement window; Laut's store was entered by using a battering ram on the rear door; the Atlas Lumber Company's office had been entered by jimmying the door; Halliday's had been visited twice, smashing in through the coal shed and breaking in a basement window. Articles were stolen in all places with the exception of the Atlas Lumber Co.

The loot consisted of boxes of shells, flashlights, wearing apparel, knives, spoons, screw drivers, pliers, food stuffs, also sums of money and numerous other articles.

During the past two weeks the boys not having any means and no place to sleep, have been allowed to sleep in the fire hall at nights where the first clue,—the shells and a jar of meat—was discovered by the town constable, who made investigations and found them to be stolen property. The matter was reported to Constable Jarman who as above stated made the arrest.

## Frank Collicutt Outstanding Winner at Toronto Show

Below will be found a complete list of the winnings of Mr. F. Collicutt at the Toronto Royal Winter Fair.

Mr. Collicutt has been a winner at the Toronto Show on many different occasions, but this year, in spite of stronger competition and increased entries in every class, he made practically a clean sweep in the Hereford classes.

Mr. Collicutt and his cattle have brought a good deal of valuable publicity to the Crossfield district. The people of Crossfield and district may feel proud of Mr. Collicutt, who for many years has been recognized as one of the outstanding breeders of Hereford cattle on the American Continent.

Prizes won at Toronto this year:

Junior champion bull.  
Reserve junior champion bull.  
Reserve junior grand champion bull.

Grand champion female.

Junior champion female.

Reserve junior champion.

1st. for junior bull calf.

1st. for junior yearling bull.

1st. for junior heifer calf.

1st. for senior heifer calf.

1st. for junior herd (2 heifer calves, 2 yearling heifers, 1 bull under two years.)

1st. and 2nd. for pair of calves.

1st. for four calves.

**On The Peavine Branch**  
Cremona will be the end of the steel for this year and it is expected that the steel will reach there on Friday afternoon of this week. Ballasting will then be done from Crossfield to Cremona.

Several carloads of grain have been shipped out over the new branch during the past week. Most of the grain has been loaded over the platforms at Nier Dog Pound, and Madden.

## Regular Monthly Meeting of The Village Council

The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council was held on Monday night.

Present: Councillors Laut and Asmussen, Mayor Williams. Minutes of previous meeting read and adopted.

Mr. Laut reported that satisfactory arrangements had been made with Gordon Young, Fred Heywood and Arthur Demers to run the skating rink and is expected that they will start immediately in getting the rink ready.

The appointment of J. P. Winning as auditor for 1930, met with the approval of the Department.

A communication was read from W. E. Spivey regarding lots of his which are included in the tax sale. Mr. Spivey offered to pay \$10.00 per month until arrears have been paid. This offer was accepted by the Council.

A communication was read from the U. F. A. Store re the \$50.00 yearly license fee on their hall. It appears the U. F. A. have been paying the \$50.00 license fee to the Village, but during the time motion pictures were shown in the hall, they had collected \$25 a year from Mr. Sharp, who ran the picture show, and now that the picture show had been discontinued they were asking that the license fee be reduced.

The Council thought the by-law covering the licensing of public halls at \$50.00 was fair and could not see where they could make any reduction at the present time.

Mayor Williams reported that repairs had been made to the fire hall door and that the fire equipment had been overhauled, tested out, and is now in first class working order.

He also thought it advisable to have the fire hall wired for electric lights, with one light upstairs and one down-stairs, providing a flat rate could be secured from the Calgary Power Co.

Mr. Laut spoke of the recent burglaries committed in the town, and he thought that some sort of protection should be given to the merchants, who are the largest ratepayers in the village. His own store had been broken into six times during the past five years and he had suffered a loss of at least six hundred dollars.

He was of the opinion that Carstairs had better fire equipment and better policing than Crossfield, although there was no more business done in that town than here and they are about equal in size as to population.

Carstairs has a night policeman and the village has been practically free from burglary.

Mayor Williams thought that the recent robberies committed here would be cleaned up in a few days, which would likely go along way in putting to an end this continually breaking into stores. He also thought it would be a good idea for the Council and Secretary to go up to Carstairs and have a talk with officials of that town and see how they did things. This meeting will be arranged for next week.

## Elba School Christmas Entertainment

The Elba School Christmas Entertainment will be held at the East Community Hall on December 19, from 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. No admission. Big dance after. Music by The Moonlight Serenaders 3-piece orchestra. Also exhibition dances. Ladies provide; gent's \$1.00. Lunch free.

## Christmas Gifts

We have received another shipment of Belgian fabrics. These make very acceptable Christmas Gifts.

### Table Covers

\$2.00 - 2.50 each

### Runners

\$1.25 - 1.75 each

### Cushion Tops

55c each

Crossfield District Co-Operative  
Association U. F. A. Limited

## The Service Garage

FULL LINES OF TIRES, BATTERY  
AND MECHANICAL SERVICE.

AUTO SUPPLIES and ACCESSORIES.

GAS OILS LIVERY STORAGE

For Super-Service Drive to

The Highway Garage or  
The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

## One Dane Hay Press

Used Only One Season. Cost \$600

WILL SELL FOR

\$300.00

### T. TREDAWAY

Telephone 3

Crossfield

## Barley and Oats Wanted

I WILL ALLOW A GOOD MARGIN OVER  
MARKET PRICE FOR

Barley and Oats in trade for Cream Separators, Washing Machines, Stoves, etc; also on an Essex Coach Car and on SPARTON RADIOS.

Insurance Farm Equipment Grinding

### W. K. Gibson

The business of Gibson Bros. & Wallace will be carried on under the name of W. K. Gibson.

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

## Life is Uncertain

How few know whether life will lead them—whether to prosperity or poverty. It is better, then, to make sure your old age will be protected from want? The Canadian Government Annuities System will do this. Mail the coupon now and learn how you can possess at \$5 a dependable guaranteed income for life.

### CANADIAN GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES

Department of Labour, Ottawa  
Hon. G. D. ROBERTSON, Minister  
Mail this Coupon today POSTAGE FREE  
Annuities Branch, Dept. 107  
Department of Labour, Ottawa.  
Please send me Complete Information about Canadian Government Annuities.  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

BACKED BY THE WHOLE DOMINION

## Closer Union, Not Secession

In times of depression, unemployment, hard times, national disaster, there is always a tendency on the part of suffering people to demand a revolutionary change in prevailing conditions, and this demand not infrequently takes the form of an agitation not merely for a change of government, but in the form of government itself. Far away fields usually look green, much greener than those close at hand, and far greener than is actually the case. Thus in monarchies the cry is raised in favor of a republic; in republics an agitation is started to supersede the democracy by one of responsible government by a form of state socialism; in socialist republics the demand is for the establishment of an out-and-out communistic state.

Because Canada, in common with other countries, is suffering from the existing period of world-wide depression, unemployment, and inability to profitably market its surplus products, the cry of secession is raised. A Provincial Prime Minister, Baxter, of New Brunswick, was the first to give voice to the idea at this time, thus reviving an old cry in the Maritimes. He did not openly advocate the secession of his Province from Confederation, but in view of the continual loss by the Maritimes of industries and financial institutions through their removal to the central provinces of Quebec and Ontario, he asked the question whether New Brunswick would not be better off if it withdrew from Confederation.

In Western Canada the same question has been raised at meetings of farmers who, apparently, are not satisfied with the economic relationship existing between the east and west, and are not in accord with the fiscal policy which finds favor and strong support in the industrial centres of Ontario and Quebec. They, therefore, advocate the secession of the West from Confederation and the setting up of a new and separate British Dominion which would enjoy complete freedom of choice in the matter of fiscal policy. In a word, they hold that a fiscal policy which may be advantageous to the central industrial provinces is not in the interests of the agricultural western provinces, and that inasmuch as it is impossible to have two fiscal policies, one for the east and one for the west, the best thing to do is to separate politically and build up two British Dominions instead of one on the North American continent.

Such radical ideas do not flourish when times are good and people prosperous. It is only when people are discouraged and suffering loss, and conditions look dark and desperate, that such suggestions are advanced and receive more or less consideration.

But secession is not the path which the people of any part of Canada should travel. The Dominion has passed through many grave crises. It has weathered many a storm. It has grown stronger as a result. In its very unity is to be found strength, not only for the whole but for each provincial unit. Linked together all the provinces are stronger financially, and in every way, than they could possibly be if divided and separate.

The genius of the Canadian people can surmount the existing difficulties. It may require patience and fortitude; it certainly will demand a large degree of patriotism and unselfishness. There will have to be less insistence on the part of any one section of the Dominion that its views alone must prevail. There must be more widespread acceptance of the fact that the economic position of east and west is radically and fundamentally different; that while they are the complement one of the other, neither can prosper and survive if one alone is to dominate and seek to control. Insistence on any such blind and selfish programme must end in disaster.

But Canada is yet a long way from being the only way out of secession of either the Maritimes on the one hand, or the Western provinces on the other hand. Central Canada cannot prosper without the business which the far eastern and the far western provinces give to it, and inasmuch as it is the western provinces that are suffering most acutely today, and are least benefited by the fiscal policies which Central Canada prefers, it would seem inevitable that Central Canada must modify its views.

Instead, however, of talking or even thinking secession at this time, the whole thought and energies of our people, east, west and central, should be devoted to the patriotic task of working out a compromise policy which, while giving neither east, west nor central all that they may desire, will, nevertheless, work a compromise not injurious to any part but give to one and all a fair-handed deal and equality of opportunity to develop their own resources and businesses along legitimate lines.

We have differences in outlook, different problems, different ideas as to policy for the solution of those problems, but we are inherently one people, with a common past and a common future. Our greatest gain and our permanent prosperity lies in strengthening, not weakening our union.

### New Air Equipment

Oxygen Breathing Apparatus Permits Flying At Great Height

Oxygen breathing apparatus and full equipment for night flying are features of the Gloster Gnatmaster II, a British all metal single-seater fighter designed for flying at great heights. The aeroplane is fitted with the "Jaguar" air-cooled radial motor. At 14,500 feet above the ground, the Gnatmaster moves at 181 miles an hour at 20,000 feet the speed is 172 miles an hour. Time needed to climb with full load on board to a height of 20,000 feet is 19½ seconds, and the service ceiling is 27,000 feet.

### King Frost

nips at all unprotected parts. For frost bite, rub well with Minard's—it kills the pain—heals the injured tissue.



W. N. T. 1866

### Failed To Produce Rain

Aviators In China Seek To Generate Precipitation By Attacking Storm Clouds

During a recent drought which developed a water famine in Hong Kong, China, skilled birdmen sought to generate precipitation by attacking storm clouds with a chemical called doctin. This material is supposed to induce refrigerating action when it penetrates the clouds, causing condensation and eventual rainfall. When put to the test, however, the chemical failed, as have the majority of devices designed to produce rainfall artificially. Aviators showed the clouds directly above Hong Kong with more than 100 pounds of the chemical, but not a drop of rain resulted from this scientific attack.

### Bird-Banding Records

The Canadian official records of bird-banding returns, through which the migration of birds and other birds, are kept in the National Parks of Canada Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

Mother: "I don't like to about at you, Harold."

Little Harold: "And I can't say that I like it either, Mummy."

### Prizes Go To Alberta

Take First Honors In Pig Club and Calf Club Competition At Winter Fair

Alberta is well satisfied with the result of the judging at the Royal Winter Fair, according to H. A. Casag, deputy minister of agriculture. In the pig club team for the second time the sunny province has carried off first place, the team this year being made up of William Schmidt and Robert Wylie, both of Vegreville, Saskatchewan, came second and Manitoba third. In the calf club competition the Alberta team of Borden and Vernon McKnight of Camrose led all other provinces with Quebec second and Ontario third. First place in winter wheat was won by S. Alsop of Wembley, in the Peace River district. The showing made in spring wheat was not quite so good, Alberta carrying off fourth, seventh and 14th place in a large and keenly contested class.

### Automatic Phone For Blind

Disc Is Fitted With Numbers and Letters In Braille

No sooner have people become accustomed to the automatic telephone where-on a ring with holes for letters and figures, they find the wanted number for themselves, than another invention comes in sight. This is the automatic telephone for the blind which the Paris Post Office has designed. Over the ordinary disc another ring is fitted, with numbers and letters in Braille. The blind person can easily slip it over the disc, and then is able to find letters and numbers with as much ease as those who are blest with sight can.

## Overwork or Worry

Taxes the Health of Thousands Of Young Girls

In the "teen-age" years when school or office work is exacting and outside activities use up all their energy, many girls undermine their health and spoil their happiness for years to come.

At such a time Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will be found most valuable. They purify and enrich the blood, build up the nerve cells and correct run-down conditions. Concerning them Miss Margaret Torrey, Indian Road, Toronto, Ont., says: "When I was attending high school I suffered a complete breakdown. My heart would palpitate at the least exertion; I could not sleep and nothing I ate agreed with me. I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and before long I gained in weight and every distressing symptom left me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Africa Taking the Lead

Women Have Been Appointed As Members Of Church Synod

A remarkable thing has happened in the Church in Uganda. It has been decided that 12 African women shall have places at all future synods. England has grown used to the idea of a woman Cabinet Minister, and England will not be startled by the thought of women on an ecclesiastical council in Africa; but Africa itself is startled. For long years the African church has been regarded as little better than a beast of burden. In some parts of the world a woman may not even eat in her husband's presence. But now African women are to be members of the synod, along with their three kings and many great chieftains.

To Asthma Sufferers. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy comes like a helping hand to a sinking swimmer. It gives new life and hope—something he has come to believe impossible. Its benefit is too evident to be questioned—it is its own best argument—its own best advertisement. If you suffer from asthma get this time-tried remedy and find help like thousands of others.

### Win Highest Honors

British Columbia Apples Score High At Imperial Fruit Show

High honors in the Imperial Fruit Show in London, England, have been won by British Columbia apples, exhibited by the Associated Growers of the Okanagan Valley in competition with fruit from all over Canada, according to cable advice received by the Department of Agriculture in Victoria. The B.C. fruit has been awarded the cup presented by the Agents-General of all the Canadian provinces in London, for the finest all-round exhibit. The trophy was won by Nova Scotia last year, the award being based on the total marks received by all classes of fruit shown by any exhibitor.

For the first time in history China is importing many silk cocoons from Japan.

Of two evils some people choose both as samples.

## Baby's Colds

Checked without Dosing

Applied external Vicks Vapo-Rub for colds of all the family

### Progress Of Mankind

Human Element Has Always To Be Reckoned With In World Affairs

Mr. MacDonald's statement of his belief that "it was absolutely impossible for mankind finally to go backward" would have received a reader endorsement from the last generation that from England presented the world. The Victorians were optimistic, they believed that, with popular education and suffrage and the electric telegraph, they had set the feet of democracy on the right path, on which it had only to be reckoned with and not an early millennium. Well, it has not worked out quite like that, and one feels that Mr. Gladstone and John Stuart Mill (to say nothing of the others), have been spared a good deal of pain by not living until 1930.

Apart from that, there is a ring of fatalism about Mr. MacDonald's words which both reason and experience reject. If mankind can partially and for a time go backward (as has), why not wholly and irrevocably? And if the individual man has free will, why not the mass of men? Surely man is not a bullet fired with unerring aim from a divine gun, but a diver at the wheel of his own car, which he must drive carefully if he is not to land in the ditch? It is not enough to preach that all's well with the world because God's in his heaven. Man on his earth has also to be reckoned with; and man one has not quite that fine Brownie-like confidence—London Observer.

### Lord Willingdon's Successor

Earl Of Athlone Or Viscount Lascelles May Be Appointed

"Reliable reports reaching Ottawa from England indicate that either the Earl of Athlone, retiring governor-general of the Union of South Africa, or Viscount Lascelles, only son-in-law of King George and Queen Mary, will be the next governor-general of Canada," says the Ottawa Evening Citizen in a feature story.

The term of His Excellency Viscount Willingdon as Governor-General of the Dominion expires on August 5 of next year. The Earl of Athlone is the brother of Her Majesty Queen Mary. Viscount Lascelles is the husband of Princess Mary.

The Citizen says it is understood on good authority that Premier Bennett consulted with King George regarding Viscount Willingdon's successor while in England attending the imperial conference, and that a definite announcement in the matter may be expected in the near future.

### Confer Honorary Degrees

Three Dominion Prime Ministers Are Given Degrees At Edinburgh University

The prime ministers of three of Britain's dominions added to their list of university degrees when the University of Edinburgh conferred its honorary degrees. Doctor of Laws upon Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, of Canada; Rt. Hon. James Scullin, of Australia; and Rt. Hon. G. W. Forbes, New Zealand.

The premiers were guests of the Overseas league. All three visited the Scottish National War Memorial in Edinburgh Castle, and received the freedom of the city.

Miller's Worm Powders will not only expel worms from the system but will induce healthy conditions of the system under which worms can no longer thrive. Worms keep a child in a continual state of restlessness and pain, and cause a child to complain for the little one until the cause of suffering be removed, which can be easily done by the use of these powders, which are very effective.

### Canadians Are Honored

The children of Japan added their welcome to the demonstrations of friendship which have been given to the trade delegation of the Canadian Chambers of Commerce since its arrival in Tokyo, Japan. Twenty thousand children gathered in a natural amphitheatre and sang choruses to the visiting Canadians. The scene was one of great beauty, and one of the most impressive events of the tour.

Switzerland expects bumper fruit crops this year.

Minard's Liniment for all Pains.

### Civil Service Appointments

Applications For Positions At Ottawa Must Be Made Through Civil Service Commission

Reiterating his determination to administer the department with "justice, economy and honesty," Hon. Arthur Sauve, postmaster-general, has issued a public statement dealing with dismissals of civil servants. It was not always the case, he said, that the civil service commission was paramount in all matters pertaining to public employees, their dismissals and their appointments. Ministers of the Crown were subservient to the commission, as were ordinary members of parliament.

The statement then continued: "If a serious complaint, duly made under oath, be made against an employee of the post office department an enquiry shall be ordered and a decision reached in accordance with the evidence and the report made. If a member of parliament asks for the dismissal of a postmaster and if he assumes responsibility for same, the rule requires that I grant such dismissal."

"I join upon the members to exercise great prudence in such cases and to refrain from lightly subscribing to very serious responsibilities." Thousands of requests for government jobs from persons scattered from the Atlantic to the Pacific were being received by cabinet ministers, the statement said. It was a fallacy and misapprehension for persons to apply in this fashion, it said, adding that the only proper channel was through the civil service commission. Even where a postmaster was dismissed from office his successor was not named by the postmaster-general but by the commission.

The postmaster-general promised rigid compliance with the laws governing appointments and dismissals.

### War Claims Are Settled

Secretary Of State Concludes Business With Germany and Austria

Satisfactory agreement with Germany and Austria for the settlement of claims arising out of the sequestration of enemy property in Canada and of Canadian property in Germany and Austria during the war were concluded by Hon. C. H. Cahan, secretary of state, who returned to Canada on Sunday, Nov. 22, on the "Empress of Australia," from visits to Berlin, Germany, and London, England. The agreements were negotiated in accordance with the terms of the Hague protocol accepting the Young plan.

### New Laying Record

Leghorn Pullet In British Columbia Lays 357 Eggs In 365 Days

A new world record of 357 eggs in 365 days was set by a Leghorn pullet number five in the test at Agassiz, B.C., under trap-nesting rules. The eggs averaged more than 28 ounces to the dozen. The bird is from the stock of the University of British Columbia, and is owned by Mr. and Mrs. Whiting of Port Kells, B.C. The success of the bird is attributed largely, by W. H. Hicks, superintendent of the Experimental Farm at Agassiz, to its being fed with a mixture of milk and greens, in addition to the usual scratch grain and mash.

Ferrel's Balm tones and stimulates the skin. Fragrant as a flower. Cool and soothing. It softens and beautifies the most delicately-textured skin. Creates complexion of exquisite charm. Adds a subtle flush to the daintiest woman. Invaluable for softening the hands and making them flawlessly white. Cool and refreshing. Delicately fragrant. Delightful to use. Cures unkindly by all women who care for feminine distinction.

### Saskatchewan Fish

The first distribution of Loch Leven trout fry in the Cypress Hills waters in Saskatchewan was made in 1924, with additional distribution in each succeeding year. In the 1929 angling season some of the trout which were caught weighed much as six pounds and measured about six inches in length and thirteen inches in girth.

Necessity knows no law, but many a young lawyer knows necessity.

The British Empire now produces 87 per cent. of the world's rubber.



Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co. Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

### WHY SUFFER

FROM YOUR LIVER?

Why be handicapped with unsightly blotches on the face, eyes with yellow tinge and a general languid feeling? This indicates a torpid liver. Headache, Dizziness and Biliousness surely follow. You must stimulate your liver, start the bile flowing with Carter's Little Liver Pills. They also act as a mild laxative, purely vegetable, free from calomel and poisonous drugs, small, easy to swallow and not habit forming. They are not a purgative after effect following the use of the contrary is a good tonic. All Druggists 25c and 75c red boxes.

### Value Of Storm Warnings

Seventy Years Ago Disaster Overtook British Seamen Who Ignored Forecast

The recent report of the Director of the Meteorological Office indicates an increasing demand for forecasts, the value of which has been proved over and over again, but the first official storm warning was given in a very different atmosphere.

Seventy years ago, the British seamen, who were only too ready to pay heed to happenings invested with a supernatural significance, refused to believe that anyone in an office in London could be better informed of coming changes in the weather than the man on the spot!

The consequence of this scepticism was the tragedy of Black Friday. Admiral Fitzroy, early in February, 1861, issued his first warning to mariners, which was to the effect that a gale was threatened from the south-west and then northward.

A strong southerly wind was followed by a rise of the barometer, and the masters of about 200 coal-laden ships at north-east coast ports, convinced that fine weather was coming, set sail on the unlucky Friday for London and other Southern ports. Soon after they got out into the North Sea a furious gale arose. During the night of Black Friday the tragedy of Black Friday was enacted. Over eighty ships were wrecked within the limits of Hurler's Bay.

### Working On Telephone Line

British Columbia Starts Link Of Trans-Canada System

Construction of the British Columbia link of the first trans-Canada telephone system—a project which will mean the expenditure of \$1,250,000 in the province—has been started. It is announced by the British Columbia Telephone Company.

The British Columbia portion of the system involves the erection of the 150 miles of telephone line, of which 125 miles has already been built.

The importance of the new line from a Dominion standpoint is that at the present time, telephone calls from the provinces to Eastern Canada have to be routed across the United States, via Seattle.

### Anti-Fascists In Trouble

Several Arrests Made In Rome For Political Reasons

Seven arrests have been made during the past few days in Rome for political reasons, probably in connection with a number of chain letters denouncing the government.

Barthelo Belotti, a statesman of the old regime, was arrested and sent to "Confini," meaning one of Italy's prison islands, because of opposition to the government. Belotti was minister of finance under Premier Nitti and is now chief of the anti-Fascists.

Another man arrested for the same reason is Prof. Giuseppe Renzi, professor of philosophy at the University of Genoa, who also was sent to "Confini."

### B.C. Salmon Pack Record

A new record salmon pack for British Columbia, is recorded this year. The total at October 31st was 2,096,730 cases, being 30,205 cases ahead of the high record of 1926 and 837,946 cases above the 1922 pack.

### Believe Your Cold With Minard's Liniment

"I had to discharge my nurse for being so stupid."

"What did she do?"

"She licked poor Fido for biting the baby."

### Smothering and Fainting Spells

## Everything Would Turn Black

Mrs. Andrew Black, Harcourt, N.B., writes: "I had been troubled with smothering and fainting spells and everything in front of me would turn black, and I would fall down in a faint and be unconscious for several minutes. I did not know what to do, until one day I was reading where Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills had been recommended. I decided I would give them a trial, and four boxes and found they help me wonderfully."



# Real Measure Of Success For The Farm Is The Value of the Crop for Each Acre of Ground

The real measuring stick to apply to farming as an indication of success is the ultimate value of the crop taken off an acre of ground. It is out of the final results from the total acreage operated by a farmer that the business stands or falls. Therefore, the question is: what can the acres of land of any farm be made to produce, not merely in the raw state of hay or grain, but by any subsequent values that the addition of such a process as feeding the crop to livestock may make to the revenue per acre? In other words, in what way can "manufacturing processes" be used in order to secure the desired revenues per acre of land.

Most farmers in Canada this year are realizing that it is unsafe to depend on the sale of the products of their acres in their raw state. Even in the West where straight grain farming has been looked upon as standard it has become evident that it is unsafe to have to means of carrying farm processes any further for, at least, a part of the crop. It has been forced home that there must be maintained on each farm the means of turning grain into livestock or livestock products in order to minimize the effect of a breakdown of cash grain prices.

To provide such safeguards by spasmodic production is impossible. A "plant" must be built up carefully in order to have it efficient. This "plant," which consists of livestock, requires time and skill to build for best results and it must be continuously maintained.

It is important to note how the money returns per acre are increased when, through good breeding stock carefully built up over years aided by skilful feeding learned through practice and study, the amounts of feed required to produce a hundred pounds of hog is decreased.

An in-and-out policy results in high feed costs. It is unsafe to get the best returns per acre—which is the ultimate measure of success—an efficient "plant" of breeding stock must of necessity be maintained and the study and experience of breeding and feeding must be capitalized from year to year. In some years an acre of grain will yield margins over cash prices for the crop only when feeding gains are efficient. On the average there will be a very nice increase in acre income.

It will mean that volume of production in any year should not be limited to the size of the unit involved, but in order that the "plant" may be maintained and kept producing, a certain amount of feed should be provided to carry through the year. Many farms will operate more successfully beyond what the acres will produce. Often the maintenance of farm fertility or the reduction of the weed menace requires that the livestock should be in excess of what the farm alone can support. In some cases the acres will yield the largest income when nearly all the grain or other concentrates are purchased. In any case, the planning of a definite system whereby a certain number of livestock is maintained year in and year out is fundamental.

When production is put on this basis serious study will be given to the problem of how such supplies are to be made continuously and economically available.

**Canadian Clay**  
Canada is fortunate in possessing resources in many types of clay employed in the manufacturing industries. It is used in large amounts in the making of such materials as cement, paper, and textiles, but its greatest use is in the clay-working industries of this country in which over 1,500,000 tons of various types of clay enter into the composition of the products each year.

A tricycle was recently registered in Northern Ireland as a "mechanically-propelled road vehicle."

Mexico has more women than men in its population.



Teacher: "Can you find Munich on the map?"  
No, sir, but I can on the wireless."  
Vart Hen, Stockholm.

W. H. U. 1939

## Advertising Is Cure For Business Ills

Noted Economist Says It Is a Necessary Stimulant

Roger W. Babson, noted economist, gives advertising as his prescription for business ill.

Writing in the Collier's Weekly, Babson says that advertising on a large scale than the world has ever known will prove the necessary stimulant toward economic recovery.

"As one who has studied business depression in life rather than in libraries," he says, "I see in current conditions the call for advertising. There's nothing wrong with the patient but poor circulation. Money is being held instead of circulated."

"Advertising is ideally fitted and competent to accelerate the situation. It is the most effective known force for accomplishing the speeding up of money and thereby giving us more business at times when more business is the nation's greatest need."



(By Annette)



CLASSIC TAILLEUR THAT PLACES EMPHASIS ON SLEEVE DETAIL

A brown and white tweed of new featherweight that will prove a happy possession. It adopts insets to flare its hem. They create a youthful box-plated effect that retains the slim line of the skirt.

The bolero bodice is particularly smart. The sleeves have the loose-hanging draped cuffs that show facing of a contrasting color. The two-toned collar and jabot of tulle crepe silk lend a pleasing softened line to the neck.

It is conservative smart for street, college, travel and spectator sports. Style No. 869 may be had in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 30, 36 and 40 inches bust. Size 16 requires 4 1/2 yards of 36-inch material with 3/4 yard of 28-inch light, and 3/4 yard of 39-inch dark contrasting.

Hunter's green wool jersey with eggshell tulle crepe combined with the jersey for collar and jabot is snappy. Line the flounced cuffs with the eggshell.

Cropey woolen, canton crepe and flat crepe are also suitable for this model. Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

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## Canadian Poultry Exhibition Of Canadian Birds At Various Congresses Having Good Effect

That the exhibition of Canadian poultry at the various congresses was having direct and beneficial results for Canadian poultry raisers was the opinion expressed by W. Waldron, markets commissioner, at Regina.

This statement was made following the publication of an article stating that a consignment of selected birds valued at \$4,500 was being shipped from British Columbia to Japan to be used as foundation stock on the Imperial farms there.

Mr. Waldron, who was in attendance at the congress in Crystal Palace, England, stated that the Canadian exhibit attracted much attention and he believes that the order now being filled can be directly attributed to the congress.

G. H. Williams, president of the organization, is expected to attend.

## Defeats All Comers

Seventy-Eight Year Old Farmer Wins Flowering Match in Orleans

An evidence of the tenacity of man to hold on to his much-challenged supremacy was furnished at the recent meeting of the North Huron Flowermen's Association.

First honors in the high-cut class of growing were won by Alexander McKerscher, of Wroster, who is 78 years of age. He also won first prize for the best finished turrel as well as all the honor scheduled for the veteran competitors. His victories in the two main open events were not hollow contests. He was opposed by hundreds of the finest flowermen in Western Ontario, many of whom had won honors in similar contests. He defeated all comers. — London Advertiser.

## B.C. Sugared Strawberries Found a Ready Market This Year In United States and Eastern Canada

Sugared strawberries from British Columbia, put up in cartons, found a ready market this year. About 100,000 pounds were bought by American interests and large quantities were sold in Eastern Canada. In the Spanish district 504,187 pounds of berries were processed, 190,000 in the New Westminster district, and 184,000 pounds in the Hatzic and Mission areas.

"Mary, is my bath ready?"  
"All but the hot water, ma'am, it's all ready."  
"What's the matter with hot water?"  
"It's cold, ma'am."

## "B'ars in them Hills"



Jack Brewster, guide and outfitter of Jasper National Park, so assures his hunter guests who want to seek trophies in the big game hunting districts which lie just outside the borders of Canada's largest National Park and game sanctuary. Dan Byck, of Louisville, Ky., who went hunting with Brewster this fall, supported the outfitter's claim when he returned from his hunting expedition with the skin of an eight foot grizzly which was discovered by the guide to be stalking the hunter while the hunter was busily engaged in stalking a bull moose. Byck turned in his tracks and brought down the grizzly with a well-placed bullet which cut the main artery of the animal's heart. While on his hunting trip Byck succeeded in filling his license securing some magnificent trophies of Rocky Mountain sheep and goats, deer, moose and caribou. — Canadian National Photos.

## ONTARIO PREMIER



Premier Howard Ferguson of Ontario, as he appeared at the recent opening of the British parliament.

## To Sell Family Portraits

Earl of Egmont Will Dispose Of Valuable Family Heirlooms

The London Daily Mail says that all of the Egmont family portraits, the property of Frederick Joseph Trevelyan Percival, the Canadian rancher who succeeded to the title of Earl of Egmont last year, are to be sold.

The paper added that the paintings had been removed from Avon Castle, Ringwood, to Christie's sale rooms in London.

The collection comprises 63 portraits of various members of the Egmont family from the 17th century on, and are by, among others, Lady Kneller, Reynolds and Hoppner.

## Looks After Its Own

The underworld of United States cities seems to look after its leading members when associates fill them with full bullets. A New York hospital has received anonymously \$5,000 with the request that a victim of some lively gunplay receive "the best attention that money can buy." And many a decent, law-abiding man, who never shot any one nor has been shot at, has to pay his own hospital bills.

# War Debt Cancellation Would Have Eased Depression Says Sir Robert Borden

## Interesting Report On Temperatures Of Canada Shows Last Freezing Date In Spring and First In Fall

Over a period of fifteen years the Dominion Experimental Farms have been keeping accurate weather reports showing rainfall, sunshine, temperature, etc., in their various localities. One of the most interesting of their reports is the one showing the last freezing temperature in spring and the first freezing temperature in the fall. There are districts in the north where freezing temperatures may be expected almost any month of the year.

As a basis for the comparison the freezing point of 32 degrees on the Fahrenheit scale has been chosen. The indication of frost by the thermometer does not necessarily mean injury to growing crops. In all cases thermometers are housed in cages located a few feet above the ground. The temperature recorded therefore represents that of the air in the immediate vicinity of the thermometer. Slightly higher or lower temperatures might reasonably be expected at the ground level, while the extent of natural shelter, exposure to large bodies of water and contour of the land also serve to modify the temperature.

The Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa has on an average 146 frost-free days, from May 7 to Oct. 1. Harrow, Ontario, has approximately the same record with 161 frost-free days. As a contrast to this the farm at Kapuskasing, Ontario, which is only two hundred miles north of Ottawa, enjoys only 62 frost-free days, from June 23 to August 25. The records also show that at Kapuskasing frosts are of quite frequent occurrence in June, July and August. Lacombe, Alberta, has quite a number of summer frosts which is perhaps the reason for the greater attention given to live stock in that district. As a contrast to these is the farm at Sidney, on Vancouver Island, which has a record of 234 frost-free days—from April 2 to November 15. The final freeze up at Sidney does not come until December 30. The nearest record to this is held by Agassiz, B.C., with 187 frost-free days from April 21 to Oct. 26. The rest of the Experimental Farms vary from 80 to 176 frost-free days with an average of 110.5 days. These figures show how varied is Canada's climate and indicate why agricultural practices vary so in different parts.

## Homestead Entries

Edmonton Land District Leads All Others In Western Canada

For the first nine months of the year the Edmonton office led all others in Western Canada in the recording of homestead entries, exceeding its own record for the corresponding period of 1929 by 1,206. Between January 1st and September 30th, 4,128 homesteads were filed up in the Edmonton land district, compared with 2,922 for the similar nine months of 1929. The figure was more than one-third of that for all Western Canada, which granted 13,550 homestead applications as compared with 11,778 for the corresponding period of last year.

## Alberta Oil

Production Figures Show a Rapid Growth In This Industry

Comparative figures of oil production in Alberta during July, 1930, and the same period last year indicate a rapid growth in the industry in Western Canada. The figures compiled by the Department of the Interior from the reports of operators show the total production in July at 118,181 barrels, or an increase of 1,972 barrels over the June output and an increase of 14,736 barrels over that of July, 1929.

## Canada's Leading Manufacturers

In total capital invested, the pulp and paper industry of Canada was second only to electric light and power plants in 1929, and in total number of employees second only to sawmills. In the distribution of wages and salaries, however, and in the value of manufactured products, the pulp and paper industry headed the list of all Canadian industries in 1929.

## Getting Down To Facts

Speaking of a recent fire in a Missouri town, one exchange said a certain family lost all its property. The other newspaper said the family lost a wood shaver, and J. B. Ford of the Shulton Bros. says they both were probably right.

## While the United States was perfectly within its rights in refusing to cancel war debts there was good reason to believe conditions in that country and throughout the world today would be much less depressed than they are if they had done so. This statement was made by Sir Robert Borden, Canada's wartime prime minister, in an address before the Professional Institute of the Civil Service of Canada, at Ottawa.

Sir Robert spoke of his reminiscences and, reaching back into the past, held his audience spellbound with intimate glimpses of important men and events. Most of them had to do with his service as prime minister during the war, as a member of the Imperial war cabinet, and chief Canadian delegate to the peace conference.

"Reparations bring to our minds war debts," said Sir Robert. "Then the United States was wroth that they should be cancelled with consequent reduction in reparations. This view did not commend itself to the government of the United States and public opinion in that country was strongly hostile to any such proposal. "No one would venture to criticize the insistence of United States upon the repayment, although the sums borrowed were entirely used in that country in the purchase of munitions and other necessary supplies at prices immensely higher than those prevailing in the time of peace. So I say the United States was entirely within their rights in the course they pursued although one may be permitted with all respect and without offence to question its wisdom.

"For, today, there is a grave question as to whether the effect of repayment is not a baneful inheritance from the war, a distinct detriment rather than an advantage to the United States. One does not require much argument to be convinced that the economic conditions of the entire world, including those of the United States, would today be much less depressed and far more satisfactory than if the war debts and reparations so far as they affected the repayment of those debts had been written off ten years ago and the world had begun a new advance toward normal conditions so rudely disturbed by the war tempest.

"Business and economic conditions in every country are so intimately connected that loss of purchasing power, depression and reaction in many countries must extend to all, even to one possessing such abundant resources and endowed with such enormous wealth as the United States."

## Canadian Product Favored

Imports Of Canned Salmon From Canada Show Increase In Britain

Imports of canned salmon from Canada had increased in the first ten months of the year over last year, while imports from Soviet Russia of this commodity had shown a heavy decrease in the same period, stated Rt. Hon. William Graham, president of the Board of Trade, in the British House of Commons.

The minister made the statement in contradiction to an assertion that the tinned salmon industry of British Columbia had been severely affected by the Soviet Government dumping salmon on the British market.

## How About Gears

An Englishman on a visit to the West decided to go horseback riding. The hostler who was to attend him asked: "Do you prefer an English saddle or a Western?"

"What's the difference?" he asked. "The Western saddle has a horn," replied the attendant.

"I don't think I'll need the horn," said the Englishman. "I don't intend to ride in heavy traffic."

He—"How old are you?"  
She—"I've just turned twenty three."  
He—"Oh, I see—thirty-two."



"You want a job as chauffeur?"  
"No, as a mascot."—Pages Gales, Verdun.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

The ban on importation to Canada of love birds, parrots, parakeets and cockatoos has been removed.

The alarming total of 382 Ottawas are suffering from mumps of a mild nature, it was revealed by the health board.

On a 76-acre tract recently seized at Singapore, Straits Settlements, has been found a large amount of high-grade sand for glass making.

Charles S. MacDonald, president and general manager of Confederation Life Association, has been elected a director of Barclay's Bank of Canada.

Lord Byng, commissioner of the Metropolitan police and formerly Canada's governor-general, denied he would resign as head of the police through ill-health.

Scoring his initial victory in Canada, Lieut.-Col. L. G. M. Malanotti, of the Hungarian army team, won the military touch-and-stakes at the Royal Winter Fair horse show.

The British government, by way of a subsidy, will help the British Broadcasting Company in putting on the air 60 grand opera performances a year in England.

Captain Edward Sycamore, the noted yachtsman who had charge of "Shamrock I," "Shamrock IV," and "Westward," died recently at Brightlingsea, England.

Trade and commerce between nations should be carried on in the same way as business between individuals, in the opinion of Hon. T. D. Pattullo, leader of the opposition in the British Columbia legislature.

The text of the Consumers' Council bill to be introduced in the British parliament reveals that the proposed body will be empowered to investigate prices of clothing, fuels and any other articles of common use.

## New Map of Canada

**Gives Comprehensive Idea of Location of Outstanding Resources**  
A new map of Canada in colors on a scale of one hundred miles to the inch, that indicates the country's resources, main railways, forests and agricultural areas, has been issued by the National Development Bureau, Department of the Interior at Ottawa.

The map affords a comprehensive idea of the location of Canada's mines; water power, developed and undeveloped, fisheries, various types of farming, and other outstanding resources. It is of such convenient size as to be suitable for ready reference, and should prove of value to educationalists, business men, and, in fact, to all those who are connected with, or interested in the development of Canada's resources.

Copies of the map may be obtained free of charge by adults from the aforementioned bureau.

## Another Scientific Feat

## Hair Transplanted to Watch Crystal Keeps On Growing

British scientists have succeeded in growing hair on a watch crystal. This has been accomplished at the Leeds headquarters of the Wool Industries Research Association. A woman scientist takes tiny grafts of a guinea-pig's skin, transplants them to the surface of an inverted watch crystal and feeds them with blood plasma and a special extract to nourish the roots. The hair keeps on growing, and in many cases has doubled and in some instances trebled its length. The experiment is one of a long series that the association has been conducting to find out why hair and wool grow, and how it can be made to grow faster and thicker.

Roll up a few potato peelings with a little water for a few minutes in a new frying pan. Food cooked afterward in it will not stick.



Chief: "Don't you know what time work starts here?"  
Clerk: "No, when I arrive the others are always at work?"—Hummel, Hamburg.

W. N. U. 1896

## Will Award Scholarship

Every Province in Canada Represented in Boys' and Girls' Grain Judging Competition

Scholarships valued from \$300 up to \$700, were decided upon as prizes to the five students standing highest in the junior grain judging competition to be held in connection with the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference at Regina in 1932 at a meeting of the boys' and girls' judging competition committee held under the chairmanship of C. M. Hamilton, at Toronto.

Originally it was intended to offer a trophy valued at \$2,500 to the team entered in the inter-college section of these competitions securing highest standing. While it is still proposed to offer a trophy in this section, it is intended to offer as awards to students securing highest placings scholarships for post-graduate work in the value of \$300, \$400, \$500, \$600, and \$700.

Every province of Canada is now represented on this boys' and girls' grain judging competition committee. At the meeting in Toronto, the personnel of the committee was enlarged to include the deputy minister of each province in addition to the official who, in each province, has charge of boys' and girls' club work or extension department.



(By Annette)



904

## THE PANELED FRONT—HIP POCKETS

Don't you love it? Of course you do.

Note the extreme tight neckline with waistline softened by partial crushed giraffe that ties in youthful bow at the back.

The front panel of the bodice extending into the front skirt, creates a decidedly slimming effect.

To make it! The back is one length of material. The front is in three sections. The waist and right bodice sections are joined to the front panel and skirt-section (which cuts in one piece). The front and back are now joined at the sides and shoulders. The giraffe is attached at either side of the front at perforations.

Style No. 904 is designed in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Men's cotton shirt fabrics are especially smart and practical. Cotton broadcloth, prints and plain broadcloth in pastel shades are sturdy.

Printed dimity, printed lawn, rayon novelties, pique and tiny gingham checks are suitable for this pretty dress from \$12.50.

Size 36 requires 3 yards 45-inch and 7½ yards binding.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 275 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. 904 Size 36

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

Country \_\_\_\_\_

## Hedging As a Business Practice

Short Selling of Grain Merely An Act of Business Judgment

The October Bulletin of the National City Bank of New York gives a clear-cut explanation of hedging operations. The article reads, in part: "Recently excitement has been created by reports that the Russian authorities had been selling short on the Chicago market, and sales aggregating something over 7,000,000 bushels are said to have been traced."

"Everybody seems to have forgotten that only a few weeks ago changes were made that the Canadians were selling short on the Chicago market. The truth about it is that Chicago is the greatest hedging market for wheat in the world. Traders, dealers, millers of all countries use it to hedge their regular business transactions because it leads in volume of trading."

"It has been said, as conclusive evidence of irregularity in the Russian transactions, that it would be wholly impracticable to deliver Russian wheat in Chicago. Hedging operations in the Chicago market seldom contemplate the shipment of wheat to Chicago, but are usually covered by local purchases. A miller who has bought wheat for conversion into flour may sell an equal amount of wheat for future delivery in Chicago, but without expecting to ship wheat to Chicago. He is protected in the manufacture of flour by the fact that if wheat declines in the meantime he probably will be able to buy it at a short sale to enable him to write down the cost of the flour and so meet the terms of a competitor who has bought wheat later than himself."

"Elevator companies, buying grain at scores of railroad stations, hedge their purchases by corresponding sales on the Chicago market, but may not send any of their of their grain to Chicago. They may sell the grain to mills in different parts of this country, or may send it direct to Gulf ports or by the lakes to Buffalo and the seaboard, distributing it as they are able to do advantageously, but cancelling their hedges as they do so. Cancellation is effected by buying offsetting contracts, sales and purchases washing each other out in the settlements."

"A buyer of wheat in Canada or Argentina, who does not yet know whether he will sell in Liverpool, Amsterdam or Genoa, may make a hedge sale on the Chicago market for protection against fluctuations until he can negotiate for the disposition of his Argentine purchases. When he has done this he will close out the hedge operation in Chicago by buying against his previous sale. He aims to eliminate the risk of fluctuations, but save a dealer's profit."

"It should be understood that every contract is a bona fide and legal contract for delivery at a fixed date, and must be met at maturity, but obviously a contract to sell requires the seller to have the grain in a position to make the delivery he will have to acquire the commodity by the date named. Hence every sale as the Russian government is said to have made imposes the necessity of finally making a corresponding purchase in this country. Every short sale requires a purchase, and although a sale and purchase of equal quantities of a given commodity at different dates may not exert precisely the same influence upon the market, there is no way of knowing in advance whether the sale or the purchase will count most heavily. Short selling like any contract engagement is an act of business judgment. Since sales and purchases are being made by many persons and form a continuous stream of business there is no reason for doubting that on the whole they practically offset and cancel each other. On the whole they are beneficial to producers as broadening the market."

## Yields Deep Purple Apples

Tree Near Niagara, Ontario, Is Twice As Old As Dominion

From a tree twice as old as the Dominion of Canada, J. C. Ford, of Niagara township, Ontario, has picked apples of deep purple color, and of very good quality, known as the "black chief."

The tree is over 120 years old, and was a veteran when Confederation was signed 68 years ago. The seed was brought to Canada from the Old Country by sailing vessel. Measured on an average, the fruit had a circumference of 12½ inches.

## Send Paper

The term "sand paper" is a misnomer as abrasive papers are not made from sand. The natural abrasives used are corundum, emery, garnet, quartz or flint, and for some purposes pumice powder. Artificial abrasives include silicon, carbide, fused alumina, and some of the hard rocks.

Colored anti-glare street pavement is being laid in England.

## WILL SHARE IN VAST ESTATE



Mrs. Flora Whitney Miller, daughter of Mrs. Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney, sculptress wife of late Harry Payne Whitney, co-receiver of America's sportsman, who will share in \$200,000,000 estate.—Copyright, Pacific and Atlantic Photos, Inc.

## Canadian Poultry To Japan

Consignment of Selected Birds From British Columbia For Imperial Farms in Japan

The Emperor of Japan is among the recent new customers for British Columbia pure-bred poultry. A consignment of selected birds, which sold for \$4,590, from some of the best poultry farms in British Columbia, is now on its way to the Imperial farms in Japan. The birds will be used as foundation stock for breeding.

Each of the hens in the consignment has a record of 300 eggs per year or over. Included in the shipment are a son and five sisters of "Maidie," or Hen No. 6, who held the record in 1927 as the world's champion egg layer, with 351 eggs in 354 days. This White Leghorn was one of the chief attractions at the World's Poultry Congress held in Ottawa in August, 1927. White Leghorns, Rhode Island Reds and Barred Rocks are the principal breeds in the consignment bought by the Emperor of Japan. Several large orders for Japanese poultry raisers have been filled by British Columbia breeders in recent years.

## Will Use Canadian Coal

Manitoba Government institutions will use Canadian coal this winter and tenders for 30,000 tons will be awarded shortly.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 7

STEPHEN—AN EARLY INTERPRETER OF CHRISTIANITY

Golden Text: "They chose Stephen, a man full of faith and of the Holy Spirit."—Acts 6:5.

Lesson: Acts 6:1 to 7:60.  
Devotional Reading: Isaiah 53:7-12.

## Explanations and Comments

Stephen the Deacon, Acts 6:1-8.—Stephen was a man of special gifts, full of faith and of the Holy Spirit, the most prominent one of the seven deacons appointed to help the work of the early church. In addition to his task of caring for the poor, he undertook evangelistic work, and preached with great power and success, and wrought wonders and miracles among the people. The number of disciples in Jerusalem increased remarkably, and even included numbers of priests.

Stephen and His Enemies, Acts 6:9-15.—Stephen became a special object of hatred to the Hellenistic (Greek-speaking) Jews, and they sought to compass his death. Among them were the Libertines, probably Jews or their descendants who had been taken to Italy by Pompey as slaves, but afterwards received their freedom and were allotted a section in Rome for their residence; men of Cyrene and Alexandria in northern Africa; and men of Cilicia and Asia, provinces of Asia Minor. These men disputed with Stephen, but not being able to cope with the wisdom and the Spirit by which he spoke, they induced men to declare that they had heard him speak blasphemous words against Moses and against God.

After stirring up the people and the Pharisees, the elders and the scribes, his enemies seized Stephen and brought him before the Sanhedrin, or Council. The false witnesses declared that Stephen continually spoke "against this holy place and against the laws," and declared "that Jesus would destroy the temple (the Holy of Holies), the words of Jesus repeated. And all that sat in the council, fastening their eyes on him, saw his face as it had been the face of an angel. What was it they saw? "Certainly not some visible aureole or halo such as artists love to paint around the heads of saints. I think it was rather that unearthly beauty we have often surprised on faces we love, that strange, spiritual luminosity like a foregleam of a coming and eternal glory." His thoughts were filled with "the God of Glory," and Tenyson has truthfully expressed the source of that divine radiance:

Looking upward, full of grace,  
He prayed and from a happy place  
God's glory smote him on the face.

## First Afloat Steamer

The first steamer to carry apples direct from Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia, to London, England, was the "Nepenthe," which sailed on April 2, 1881. The shipment consisted of 6,800 barrels, and arrived in London in 14 days. This venture was fairly successful, and from that time the business has continued to increase in volume.

## Radio Used in Crime Detection

Winnipeg is the first city in Canada to equip its police department with radio telephone transmitters to be used exclusively in the detection of crime.

Bread cut into slices of any desired thickness and wrapped in paper by machinery, is possible by a new device in London.

## Guardians Of

The Pacific

Japanese Statesman Says British Commonwealth, United States, and Japan Must Co-Operate

As the "chief guardians" of the Pacific, the British Commonwealth, the United States and Japan must co-operate, declared Prince Tokugawa, eminent Japanese statesman, speaking before the Canadian Club at Toronto. "Certainly I do not ignore any other Pacific country," he proceeded, "but I can not be denied that the three nations I have mentioned are in reality the chief guardians of that region. It is pleasant to think those are the nations whose co-operation at the recent conference in London, England, brought about the result which it did."

"I have never been so strongly impressed with the fact," he said, "that all the nations of the civilized world are dependent on one another, and that no country in the world can do anything without affecting the interest of the other countries."

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

## CHEESE BISCUITS

- 2 cups special cake flour, sifted.
- 2½ teaspoons baking powder.
- ¾ teaspoon salt.
- 1 tablespoon butter or other shortening.
- ¾ cup grated cheese.
- ¾ cup milk and water, equal parts.
- Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder and salt, and sift again. Cut in shortening and cheese. Add liquid gradually until soft dough is formed. Roll ¼ inch thick on slightly floured board. Cut with floured biscuit cutter. Bake in hot oven (450 degrees Fahrenheit), 15 minutes. Makes 12 biscuits.

## COFFEE CARNIVAL

- 4 tablespoons quick-cooking tapioca.
- ¾ teaspoon salt.
- ¾ cup seedless raisins.
- 2 cups decaffeinated coffee in foam.
- ½ cup sugar.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla.
- 1 cup cream, whipped.
- Add tapioca, salt, and raisins to coffee, and cook in double boiler 15 minutes, or until tapioca is clear. Stirring frequently. Add sugar. Chill. Add vanilla; fold in cream. Serve in sherbet glasses. Serves 6.

## Proper Equipment For Planes

At a meeting of the Air Pilots, Engineers and Navigators' Association at Vancouver, a suggestion was made that steps should be taken by the association to ensure that "planes operating on the fringes of civilization should be compelled to carry proper equipment. Employment of a short wave receiving and transmitting radio set was suggested and a committee was appointed to take any action deemed suitable and submit a report to the association.

## Make Your Windows Pay

Invest in WINDOLITE Windows and you will be repaid a hundredfold in the health of your Poultry and Live Stock

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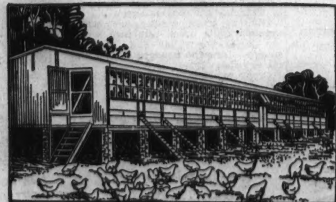
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This unbreakable glass substitute is light and flexible, easy to cut and fit, will withstand extreme changes in temperature, keeps out cold and wet, but

allows the full sunlight to enter, including the health-giving Ultra-Violet Rays, which do not penetrate ordinary glass.

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YOUR LOSSES  
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ETC.

Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

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51 Wellington, St. W. TORONTO, ONT.



## PRESENT LOW WHEAT PRICES ONLY TEMPORARY

Toronto, Ont. — "We must find some method of inducing the buyers of wheat in Great Britain to return to their customary preference for Canadian wheat," declared Dr. W. W. Swanson, economic adviser to Premier R. B. Bennett, at the recent Imperial Conference. "And," he continued, "we must take precautions to see that this preference is never lost again."

A great audience of leaders in Toronto's business and financial life listened intently to the story of the Imperial Conference and the economic problems Canada faces, as it came from Dr. Swanson, head of the department of economics in the University of Saskatchewan, and nationally known expert on Canadian trade and commerce problems.

After reviewing all the varied matters that entered into the complex problem of Canadian trade and Imperial trade, Dr. Swanson declared the whole question so far as Canada was concerned, revolved around the market for the Dominion's wheat. The best market she could ever get was in the British Isles.

"At the present moment Canadian wheat, as always, holds the premier place in reputation and in quality in the British market," he said. "But temporary financial depression, and monetary surplus in the market together with another influence to which I cannot refer at this point, tend to lessen the advantage which we hold, and there is no question that the immediate solution of our wheat marketing problem depends on the willingness of the buyers of wheat in Great Britain to increase their proportion of purchases from Canada."

Dr. Swanson made open reference, however, to the Russian dumping of grain in England. He declared, in speaking of the preference proposals submitted by Premier Bennett, that they would, frankly, result in an increase in the price of wheat in Britain.

"At the present time," he explained, "wheat is selling, not at a price set by fair and open competition, but at levels to which it has been lowered by the slave labor of the Soviet republic, driven by a heartless group of fanatics who do not scruple to starve a nation in order to make a case. I believe that the people of Britain to protect themselves from exploitation in the prices of their foodstuffs, it will be hard to find even a handful there who do not accept this view."

Dr. Swanson declared himself a born free trader, but nevertheless, he was actively in favor of Premier Bennett's preference offer. In supporting it in London, he declared, "I conceived that I was doing more service to the ideal world freedom of trade than I could have accomplished in any other manner—I felt I was assisting at the mobilization of the greatest army in history for the penetration of unjust trade barriers raised by foreign powers."

The speaker also felt it important to correct any impression that the Dominions were not ready to consider tangible alternatives. The fact was, he said, the British Government did not make any definite alternative offers. These proposals such as the quota on wheat, the bulk purchasing scheme and the idea of import boards, "were all submitted to the conference for examination and discussion. They were considered without prejudice. That none of them was found capable of immediate establishment was not owing to any unwillingness of the Dominion delegations to consider alternatives to tariff preference, but entirely owing to inability of the conference to accept any of these schemes as immediately workable."

The present low price of wheat is simply explained by the fact that a temporary financial depression exists in all occidental countries and that a monetary surplus of wheat is available for the market. "I lay stress on the temporary nature of these conditions," he said. "The depression affected every primary product in the world and every product of Canada, from the salmon fisheries of British Columbia to the lumber producers of the east." Such a general condition could only be temporary, said the speaker. It did not represent a condition of over-production.

Dr. Swanson said he was not a politician and knew nothing of politics. "But," he continued, "I know the needs of the farmers of the west—their distress and their high courage. For their sake and that of our beloved country I trust that this great question will be raised above the level of mere party strife."

## Imperial Conference Results

Dr. Swanson Says Premier Bennett Was the Outstanding Man At Gathering

Toronto, Ont.—Far from being a failure, the Imperial Conference "had laid the foundation for future developments of great significance, not only to the Dominion of Canada, but to the Empire," declared Dr. E. W. Swanson, head of the department of economics of the University of Saskatchewan and economic adviser to Premier Richard B. Bennett at the Imperial Conference, when he arrived in Toronto on his way back to Saskatchewan.

That there are factors present in the wheat situation which would lift the markets to higher levels, was Dr. Swanson's opinion in respect of the present wheat crisis. He thought the effect of the 60,000,000 bushels of wheat which Russia had thrown on the British market was disproportionate to the volume, and Russia, he thought, would not long tolerate a state of affairs where internal distress was being caused by the exportation of wheat at prices below production costs.

In Dr. Swanson's opinion, Canada's Premier scored a magnificent personal triumph in persuading the British Government and the governments of the other dominions to convene at Ottawa next year. Mr. Bennett, he declared, was without question the outstanding man at the conference.

## Prospector Dies In North

Overcome By Cold Drops Behind Comrades On Trail

Winnipeg, Man.—Another victim of the northland trail, has been claimed with the death of Ingridur Curley, 23-year-old Danish prospector.

Carrying a heavy pack, Curley dropped behind his companions who were musing their way from Central Manitoba Mines to Great Falls in north-eastern Manitoba.

Missed when the party stopped for a noon meal, a search was immediately instituted, and far back on the trail he was found, still alive but badly frozen. A huge fire was built and first aid treatment administered but he died within a short time in his rescuers arms.

## Employees Share Profits

Experiment Being Tried Out By B.C. Lumber Mill

Victoria, B.C.—Establishing a precedent that may have far-reaching influence in the lumber trade of the Northwestern Pacific coast, the Sidney Lumber Company, Limited, has successfully operated its extensive mill at Sidney for three months on a strictly profit-sharing basis with 125 employees sharing the proceeds of lumber sales in strict proportion to the wages they would earn in times of prosperity. The experiment is the first of its kind to be attempted on the Northwest Pacific Coast.

### Load Poultry Cars

Regina, Sask.—Cars will be placed at 91 points throughout Saskatchewan for the loading of dressed poultry. It was announced by D. Graham, secretary of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Egg and Poultry Producers' Association and Poultry Pool. Producers are urged to deliver their product to the cars at central assembly points, he said, before December 10, as the last cars for the eastern markets will be moving out by that date.



Provincial winners of the annual Canadian Pacific Railway Swine Club Contest, photographed with C. W. Atkins, assistant general agricultural agent of the Canadian Pacific, and their trophies prior to their departure for a free excursion to the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto, where they stayed at the Royal York Hotel as guests of the company. From left to right, they are: George Inverarity and J. R. Christian, of Carberry, Manitoba winners; Miles Giesler, Mr. Atkins, and Leslie Smith, of Wynyard, Saskatchewan winners; Frank Shyako and William Strynaka, of Willingdon, Alberta winners; and Hilbert de Leou, of Kamloops, a member of the British Columbia club.

## Request New Type Cars

Canadian Livestock Unions Want Movable Partitions In Stock Cars

Ottawa, Ont.—Application of the Canadian Livestock unions seeking the equipping of railway cattle cars with two or more movable partitions will be heard by the Railway Commission on December 5.

Heavy monetary loss is sustained by cattle owners owing to bruising, broken limbs and even suffocation, cattle suffer during shipment in the type of cars at present in use. By the use of movable partitions, the applicants hold, injury to shipments would be reduced to a minimum and mixed carlots of livestock would be possible.

## Eskimo Marooned On Ice

Used Rifle Stock To Paddle Way To Safety

Point Barrow, Alaska.—Marooned on a small island of ice while hunting a polar bear, an Eskimo, fashioned a rough raft from the ice and used a rifle stock as a paddle to make his way to safety in a 42-hour battle, finally reaching shore ice near here. He was exhausted, hungry, and with frost-bitten fingers. While he was on the ice, temperatures ranged from 20 to 30 degrees below zero.

## SAFETY CLAUSE IS ADOPTED AT GENEVA MEETING

Geneva, Switzerland.—A "safety clause" permitting a country threatened by attack to lay aside the restrictions of the general disarmament treaty, was adopted by the preparatory disarmament commission.

The clause was proposed by Hugh S. Gibson, United States representative, who explained that while the United States was willing to accept very rigid rules binding the nations to the treaty it was ready to consider the fears of other nations.

The only opposition to the clause came from Russia, which declared it unacceptable to the Soviets who are convinced the treaty ought to be absolutely binding on the states under all circumstances.

It was generally understood the clause was designed to quiet the fears of some of Russia's neighbors. It envisages a situation in which a country is threatened by attack and regards it as essential for self preservation to lay aside the treaty restrictions and have full liberty to arm itself.

The clause provides that a state invoking the "safety clause" shall first notify other parties to the convention and the permanent commission of its intention, fully explaining the circumstances.

The commission also decided that administration of the prospective treaty shall be placed in the hands of a permanent disarmament body with its seat at Geneva.

The composition of the permanent body was left for the general conference to decide. A sub-committee presenting the proposal was unable to agree upon the body's composition. Great Britain, the United States, France, Italy and Japan wished to have its membership restricted, while China, Turkey and Finland held out for each party to the convention to have a seat in the permanent commission.

### LUCKY LADS



Provincial winners of the annual Canadian Pacific Railway Swine Club Contest, photographed with C. W. Atkins, assistant general agricultural agent of the Canadian Pacific, and their trophies prior to their departure for a free excursion to the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto, where they stayed at the Royal York Hotel as guests of the company. From left to right, they are: George Inverarity and J. R. Christian, of Carberry, Manitoba winners; Miles Giesler, Mr. Atkins, and Leslie Smith, of Wynyard, Saskatchewan winners; Frank Shyako and William Strynaka, of Willingdon, Alberta winners; and Hilbert de Leou, of Kamloops, a member of the British Columbia club.

## BRILLIANT MILITARY CAREER



Major-General V. A. S. Williams, who was honored by being made honorary life member of the Royal Canadian Northwest Mounted Police Veterans' Association. Major-General Williams served as a very young man in the frontier forces in the North West Territories at the commencement of his brilliant military career.

## Diversified Farming

Says Western Farmer Should Not Put All Eggs In One Basket

Toronto, Ont.—In depending for their livelihood on wheat alone, Western Canada farmers are "putting all their eggs in one basket," declared G. I. Christie, president of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, addressing the Canadian Independent Telephone Association here, Tuesday, Nov. 26, at its annual convention.

Low price grain does not spell ruin to the farmers, for in a country where you can grow grain you can raise livestock," said Dr. Christie. Canada, he added, had a great chance to break into the bacon markets, which are now being virtually monopolized by the Danes.

## Canadian Pictures For Britain

Collection Of Scenes To Be Sent To Royal Photographic Society

Saskatoon, Sask.—Dr. L. G. Saunders, professor of biology at the university here, has been selected as one of the ten Canadian pictorial photographers to contribute to a collection of Canadian pictures. The collection is under the organization of the Royal Photographic Society of England. Dr. Saunders has done a great deal of work for the Federal Government in Prince Albert National Park and has made an intricate survey of the fishing waters of the park.

### May Pay Old Staff

Ottawa, Ont.—Cabinet consideration is being given the matter of adding five years' service to the superannuation of staff members of the Department of the Interior who face retirement following transfer to the prairie provinces of their natural resources. While the resources were under control of the Ottawa Government work in this connection fell to the Federal department.

### Killed By Gun Trap

Beauséjour, Man.—Rene Lussier, Lac Du Bonnet woodcutter, put his foot in a gun trap while wading through frozen bush country near here and died almost instantly. When his foot struck a wire connecting the trap, a gun report rang out and Lussier's companion carried the bleeding body to a nearby homestead.

## May Try Atlantic Trip

Flight Of DO-X This Winter Still Being Considered

Lisbon, Portugal.—The giant flying boat Dornier DO-X, reached Lisbon, Nov. 26.

Dr. Claude Dornier and Mrs. Dornier disembarked from the DO-X at Coruna, Spain, and left for Madrid to go to Paris and Berlin.

The explanation given in Coruna was that the builder of the DO-X wanted to be present at the opening of the International Aircraft Show in Paris. The little sister of the DO-X known as the DO-16 is one of the most interesting exhibits there.

Unofficially it was learned from Coruna that the trans-Atlantic flight has not been abandoned but officially no expression was obtainable. That the flight will not start before the end of the year seems certain.

Such Portuguese seafaring authorities as Admiral Cague Coutinho, who was first to cross the South Atlantic ocean by air, are of the opinion that the Azores-Bermuda route is wholly out of question in December and January, but that the DO-X can readily enough make the Canary Islands, Cape Verde Islands and the Brazilian Coast route to New York.

## Reduced Rates On Coal

Government Contemplating Further Extension Of Low Rate On Alberta Coal

Ottawa, Ont.—While no official announcement has been made it is learned on good authority that the government has under consideration a further extension of the reduced freight rate on Alberta coal moving into the central markets of Canada. The rate of \$6.75 a ton on such coal shipments was extended until the spring of 1932, and now the advisability of making a further extension is being taken up. Under the arrangement the government would guarantee the amount which the railways are out of pocket on shipments from the west to the central markets at the reduced rate.

## MOVE IS MADE FOR REDUCTION OF FLOUR PRICES

Ottawa, Ont.—Important developments in the Dominion Government's campaign for lower bread prices are anticipated at an early date unless the price of flour is reduced.

Hon. Glendon D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, has been investigating the prices of bread and flour for the past four months with the assistance of the price of flour investigation branch and the investigators have now reached the stage where action of one sort or another is impending.

Following suggestions thrown out by the minister some months ago the price of bread was reduced by about 20 per cent. or a little more than two cents a loaf on the average over the whole of Canada. The price of flour, however, did not come down and the opinion was expressed at the department of labor that the next step must come from the milling companies.

Senator Robertson laid the results of his investigation before the cabinet meeting and afterwards announced he was calling a number of leading millers into consultation to see if something could not be done to lower the price of flour. With wheat now at about 60 cents a bushel flour is selling at approximately the same price as when wheat was \$1 a bushel.

Should an investigation under the Combines Investigation Act be ordered it would be the most extensive inquiry of the kind ever held in Canada. Owing to the wide ramifications of the milling and baking industries the inquiry would have to be nationwide in scope. For this reason it would take considerable time.

In order to secure prompt results and to avoid embarrassing any industry the government prefers to enlist the co-operation of the interests concerned. Should this prove effective as it did in the case of the baking concerns no action would be taken. Should it fail, however, the information and machinery necessary to setting an investigation in progress at short notice is in readiness.

Many complaints in connection with the price of bread have been received by the government and through quiet but vigorous investigations a mass of authoritative information has been accumulated. The government is fully aware of the importance of keeping bread prices down to a minimum. The daily consumption of bread in Canada runs to about 3,000,000 loaves and a reduction of only one cent a loaf would mean an immense saving to the Canadian people.

## STABILIZATION OF PRICES ASKED BY FARM PARTY

Saskatoon, Sask.—Organized agriculture of Ontario and the prairies have asked unanimously for government stabilization of prices on a production cost basis.

At the two-day interprovincial agrarian parley came to a close, a resolution was approved favoring "pegging" of prices at a level insuring fair exchange of agricultural products and of other goods and services.

The resolution, most far-reaching placed before the in camera conference, does not restrict its price-fixing proposals to agricultural goods. It favors a general probe to determine the relation between farmers' production cost and the cost of other goods and services, and establishment of a Dominion Government "bureau of standards" for manufactured products.

The resolution is more embracing than either of the price fixing attitudes expressed by United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, or United Farmers of Alberta in recent deputations to Ottawa officials. Both the Alberta and the Saskatchewan body favored a price equal to \$1.00 per bushel at shipping point for No. 1 Northern wheat, but no stand had been taken to seek control of the standards and prices of manufactured goods. United Farmers of Manitoba have not previously gone farther than to support the price promoters' efforts to gain stabilized grain prices.

"Agricultural products are today standardized under grading regulations," it was mentioned in regard to the standards bureau section, which was calculated to be of assistance in the production cost probe. "Similar grading or standardization of other products is a necessary step toward determining relative values for the purpose of exchange."

Allied in support of the resolution were delegates from United Farmers of Alberta, Manitoba and Alberta; of United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, and of the Canadian council of agriculture.

## Faith In Saskatchewan

Optimistic Forecast Is Made By Hon. C. W. Buckle

Toronto, Ont.—Optimistic forecasts as to Saskatchewan's future reaction to the current depression were made by Hon. W. C. Buckle, Saskatchewan Minister of Agriculture, at the luncheon at the Royal Winter Fair. Mr. Buckle said although the province appeared to have been hit hardest by 1930 crop conditions, it will pull through successfully.

Mr. Buckle stated that 20,000 acres of farm land suffered a total crop failure, and that \$1,500,000 were being spent on rural farm relief.

### Will Drill For Gas

Regina, Wask.—The C. O. Moore interests will start drilling for gas in Saskatchewan at once, if the franchise which has been granted by the city council is ratified by the ratepayers. The gas was announced at a luncheon given by the Darlington Oil and Gas Company here. Ald. Chas. Gardiner was chairman of the meeting which was attended by about 25 business men of the city.

### Silk Mill For Coast

Vancouver, B.C.—Erection of a silk mill at Port Moody, 15 miles east of Vancouver, costing approximately \$250,000, is under consideration by the Western Canadian Silks, Limited. The factory will give employment to 100 persons, and the raw material will be imported from Japan and China.

### Epidemic Of Mumps

Ottawa, Ont.—The alarming total of 362 Ottawans are suffering from mumps. Despite the fact this large number of cases has been reported since November 1, R. J. Smith, secretary of the civic health board, declared that the diseases is of a mild nature. A 21-day quarantine is made compulsory in each case.

### School For Pilots

London, England.—A scheme to establish an Imperial School of Air Pilots, for training and testing future professional pilots, is being submitted to the British Air Ministry by a special parliamentary sub-committee.

### Colonel Starnes Re-Elected

Ottawa, Ont.—Colonel Courtland Starnes, the veteran commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, has been re-elected chairman of the St. John Ambulance Association.

## Competing With Railroads

Airplanes and Buses Offer Great Convenience For People Who Travel

Among the rather numerous commodities which are at present enjoying what is known as "a buyer's market" is travel. Never has it been made quite so simple for an individual to remove himself swiftly and comfortably from the place where he is to some other place where he would like to be. This was made evident by several remarks let fall at the meeting of railway passenger traffic officers held recently in Atlantic City. One of the speakers, Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, pointed out that the railroads would have to meet the competition of air travel not only by increased speed but by offering greater conveniences to passengers. An American traffic manager predicted that before long buses would be running on express highways at sixty miles an hour. And the private automobile, operated at no more than an hour as the driver supposes he can get away with, is an increasing vigorous competitor of the steel highway.

No situation quite like this has existed since the first railway train carrying maddened mobs of men at the rate of twelve or fifteen miles an hour, attracted travellers from the stage coaches and canal boats. One cannot believe that the present struggle will be settled quite so soon or so easily. The bus will probably become an ally rather than a competitor of the railroad. Indeed, in some parts of the country it has already become so. So, on the trans-continental runs, the airplane and the bus are expected to fairly stiff encounters when the airplane and the Pullman car are bidding for the same passenger. What the airplane can offer is quite obvious, speed, which it already has in abundance. It can offer within limits, and a greater independence of the weather which can be attained when blind flying becomes a surer science.

As it happens, railways have been growing less democratic. Complaints of various sorts and sizes are increasingly used. A traveller on a limited train may crawl into his hole at the beginning of his journey and not crawl out till he arrives at his destination. But there are possible compensations. Commercial telephone service has been successfully tried out on a Canadian road. One passenger conversed with London, England, while jogging across country between Toronto and Montreal. Sir Henry Thornton suggests motion pictures as one means of relieving ennui. The radio has already been tried, though it has an unhappy faculty of going dead or bursting into a volley of static when the train passes under a bridge or too close to overhead wire. Miniature golf has not been tried. Dancing is not an impossibility, especially on trains crossing the level stretches of the Great American Desert. The opportunities for a really imaginative passenger traffic manager are dazzling. Sir Henry Thornton even suggests a good ventilating system.

At any rate, the traveller may rest assured that better times are in store for him. He will be courted and sought after. Whether he chooses earth, air or water for his mode of travel, he will find his patronage more highly valued than ever before. And all kinds of transportation may be sure that there will be travellers enough for all, with perhaps a few left over able to face the hardships of going a few blocks on foot.—New York Times.

### Worked Every Day

Hen. No. 6, a British Columbia White Leghorn, the property of William Whitting, of Port Kells, passed the world's record for production when it laid its 353rd egg in as many days. This hen comes from the famous University of British Columbia stock and was bred by Whitting.

Airplane takes at 25 cents a mile for a single passenger are operated in seven English cities.

Balsa wood weighs about half as much as cork.



Husband: "I would like to have your car and let you have mine." Wife: "Fine. Go and buy a hat, and I will guarantee about your extravagance." — Fliegende Blätter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1866

## Working For the Fun Of It

Old Time Social Gathering Were For Accomplishment of Some Task

Somewhere on the New York Herald-Tribune dropped into the mood the other day with the following result:

"How much autumn and winter work used to be of a sociable kind. In these days our sociability is confined almost entirely to play, and those jolly gatherings whose object was the accomplishment of some long tedious task are unknown, and by brains, which discourage it as heartily as an expedient. The suburbanite tends his garden or alters his garage in solitude, and his wife holds bridge bees, but no sewing bees. Yet time was when many a neighborhood housewife, not only made her work light, but actually turned it into fun.

"The quilting bee, which was a feature of a recent exposition of woman's arts and industries, must have reminded some of the old-fashioned mothers of quilts in which every knot of the worsted through the cotton was made to the accompaniment of pleasant chatter in which all the stitches contributed mementoes, recalling best dresses worn to past parties by the owner's whole circle of friends. Quilting bees were for the ladies, but every one took part in the autumn apple parings, for winter once frozen dried apples strung on them threaded festooned from the rafters of every well provided attic. Part of the crop not stored in barrels in the cellar had to be made into big crocks of apple butter and apple sauce, before the winter and young and old would meet and pare merrily together, turning work into enjoyment. So it was with the local sausage makings and barn raising.

"Fall and winter was often fun because of the sociability that went with it. Corn sortings, in late autumn, were a festivity that was never to be missed. True, older frowner duller and more serious, but flirtation prospered, but nevertheless the corn got sorted. It seems strange to us now—to invite friends in for a gay evening of work together! One wonders how the neighbors respond. There still exist plenty of possible occasions for helpful guests, of course."

### Prosperity Of Mining

Depends Altogether On The Merit Of Properties, Says Mining Association Secretary

Arrest of a number of prominent Canadian brokers does not constitute a permanent setback for the mining industry of the Dominion; prosperity of mining depends on the merit of properties, not brokers or the government, declared George C. Bates, secretary of the Ontario Mining Association, at a luncheon held at Vancouver in connection with the annual convention of British Columbia mining division, "Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy."

"The prosperity of mining does not depend on either brokers or government, any more than the prosperity of the country as a whole depends on them. What the prosperity of mining does depend on is properties of merit, but unfortunately, during the past few years, there have been too few new discoveries.

"To offset this lack of discoveries, artificial stimulation was tried, but the only acceleration we really need was new discoveries to foster prospecting and new properties of merit to promote exploration."

### The Way To Riches

The way to riches is paved with advertising says Harry T. Gardner, of Cincinnati, who, in a talk before a Rotary club, cited the example of a bootblack in the east whose business suffered from too much competition. The bootblack displayed a large sign which read: "One shoe shined free" and now he is rather a rich bootblack, owning a chain of shine shops.

### One Way To Exercise

That he stole rolls from a baker's cart for exercise, was the defence of one Legrun after his arrest in Paris recently. The baker said Legrun seized the rolls from the cart in a Paris street and speeded away so fast that the baker had to requisition a taxi to catch him. Legrun admitted the theft, and added, "I do it for exercise. I am a sprinter."

### Tree Inspection

The inspectors of tree plantations sent out from the Dominion Forest Nursery Station, maintained by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, made 33,300 inspections during the 1929 season.

## Honor Veteran Employees

General Business On His Way To Meet General Prosperity

A little over a year ago General Business was speeding along with his head up in the air, and never noticed the break in the road ahead. Suddenly, he toppled into the opening and began to slide down. He kept on sliding, with an occasional short stop as he grasped at various roots and stumps. These, however, were only temporary stops, and he had to keep on until he reached the bottom. We were left on top, looking down and wondering what to do without our leader.

Now, after resting a bit, he has started to climb out of the hole. The going is difficult, as he finds very few places near the bottom where he can get a foothold. He climbs a bit and slips back a little, but he is determined to get back. He sees that a little farther up, the going will be much better and he can reach the top again. He is still difficult, but every foot he gains brings him closer to the path which will enable him to reach the crest and proceed on his way.

When Nicol Campbell took over the driving of a Canadian Pacific Express rig on the streets of Toronto, in 1890, he was in charge of one of seven vehicles belonging to the company. Today the company operates 85 motor and horse driven express vans in that city. The lapse of forty years since he joined the service was honored by his fellow employees recently in the presentation to him of a Chesterfield armchair. The presentation took place in the recreation room of the Canadian Pacific Express Company in Toronto, with Ben Smith, veteran of 35 years' service, in the chair. Mr. Smith pointed out that Campbell had made friends for the company ever since he had started driving along his route.

### Delinquent Boys and Girls

Appeal Is Made For Social Re-Establishment Of Delinquent Juveniles In Manitoba

Appeal for co-operation towards social re-establishment of delinquent boys and girls was issued by Mrs. C. Connell, provincial director of the United Farm Women of Manitoba and convener of the organization's committee on public health and social welfare, in presenting her report at the annual convention of the United Farmers of Manitoba at Portage la Prairie.

"Last year there were over 4,000 cases before the juvenile court, of which 2,500 were delinquent," said Mrs. Connell. "Are there not homes in our province that would open their doors and give employment to boys and girls who maybe do not know the meaning of home, and thus give them a chance to make good?"

Reporting on existing provisions in Manitoba for the care of juvenile delinquents, Mrs. Connell said that up to the present more had been done in this way for boys than for girls. However, this shortcoming is expected to be met to a large extent, she stated, by a new provincial girls' training school near Winnipeg, to be opened early in the new year.

### Only Three Types

People Who Never Make Mistakes Can Be Listed

A responsible public board was charged with making errors in judgment by critics. It was charged that this board had over a period of years made a number of mistakes. To this, one of the men thus attacked answered: "There are only three types of people who never make mistakes; the liar, because he never admits them; the fool, because he doesn't know when he makes them; and thirdly, the oyster. No one engaged in a large enterprise can foresee everything. Sometimes hindsight is better than foresight."

### The Newest Dodge

Mother tiptoed into the bedroom and stood looking at the youngest son.

"Are you sleeping, Robert?" she asked.

"Yes, mummy," replied the tot, "and you know the doctor said I didn't need medicine unless I was awake."

### Two Thirds Delivered

"Thanks very much," said the vicar, as little Tommy handed up his offering for the harvest festival. "I must call round this afternoon and thank your mother for these 'eight beautiful apples'."

"Please sir," stammered Tommy, "would you mind thanking her for twelve apples?"

"Among insects," says a naturalist, bees take the good conduct prize. Certainly bees ought to know how to behave.

Some of Scotland's lakes, famous for their beauty, may be bridged.

## Starting To Climb

General Business On His Way To Meet General Prosperity

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## Works a Transformation

Many People Forget Their Manners When Driving Car

Whether it be true or not, it is an interesting thought advanced by a southern editor when he says that the average man is completely transformed when he takes hold of the steering wheel of a motor car. No matter how courteous and considerate he may be as a pedestrian, he becomes a boor and a menace the very moment his foot begins to release the gas.

As a pedestrian he shrinks from jostling his fellows. He will not rush madly through a crowd merely in order to arrive first. He refuses to knock another pedestrian off the sidewalk or shove him off the curb. But give him a car to drive and he immediately becomes a different creature. He is ready to let loose a torrent of profanity upon pedestrian or driver who happens to get in the way of his car.

Wherefore it is suggested that the worst of our traffic ills is for every driver to be just as courteous and considerate while in a car as he is when walking. Evidently written laws will not answer the purpose, for traffic troubles increase as the number of statutory regulations increase.

## Sowing Sweet Clover

If Done Early In Spring Good Stand Is Assured

Sweet clover can be shown in the fall with the same result as it should be sown late in the fall, just before the land freezes or sow the rye and sow the sweet clover at the same time. This would give the sweet clover a chance to get well rooted in the fall so that it will not be heaved out by freezing and thawing in the spring months. A much surer way, however, would be to seed the sweet clover early in the spring, just as soon as the ground is fit to work, harrowing it in. If sown in the spring, your stand would be assured and with plenty of moisture there would be a good growth during the late summer and fall months.

## Mark Of Appreciation

Arthur Stringer in a serial story now running in an illustrated weekly brings out a point that will be new to some of us. He says that in India, in his native condition, if you offer him something, grab at it and it looks like bad manners, but it is to him the best of good manners. He has no words that express thanks. By his clutching eagerness he wishes you to know how much he appreciates what you give him. And possibly that would explain the manners of some white people.

Vicar (concluding story) — "And now, children, would you like to ask any questions?"

Bobby — "Yes, sir. Please, how do you get into your collar?"

Moving picture theatres in Malaya are now playing to capacity.

## Post Cards Sixty Years Old

First Ones Issued At Vienna In October, 1869

Sixty years ago a huge crowd gathered outside the main post office of St. Martin's-le-Grand, London, England, struggling to get inside, and special police had to be hurried to the spot to regulate the mob. At some of the provincial post, offices were similar scenes because the excitement among the throng. Why the excitement?

Simply to buy the first postcards. Gladstone introduced the postcard in England, and was an enthusiastic believer in it. In later years he wrote a great portion of his correspondence on postcards. He even claimed that its popularity prolonged the life of his ministry. He recalled that Cowper once wrote a poem, "The Task," in praise of that comfortable article of domestic furniture, the sofa (which, today, is dignified by the name Chesterfield), and he felt like writing an ode in praise of the postcard.

The idea of the postcard had its origin nine years earlier in Austria, and the "inventor" urged its adoption at a postal convention at Karlsruhe, Germany. The delegates laughed it to scorn. But the Austrian authorities had a liking for the idea, and on October 1, 1869, the first postcards in the world were issued at Vienna.

The obvious advantage of the postcard was that it served to avoid the necessity of writing a letter for short messages. As it was sold at the equivalent of a cent, the cost of the stamp alone, it was an economy. Sales dropped afterwards when a small charge was imposed to cover the cost of manufacture.

The postcard reached its zenith, however, when the "postcard beauty" craze broke out early in the present century. Photographs of lovely actresses sold by the million, not so much because the cards were handy for writing messages, but because they enabled men and women to collect portrait galleries of the stage favorites of the day. Views of cities and rural scenes followed, and then came the pictures specially for the postcard trade. Cards sold by the million, and probably the billion, and a great industry was established.

But like every other craze, it passed. The postcard, although still handy, serves a useful purpose.

How many millions of cards have been written from holiday resorts to mothers and friends saying: "Just arrived here, having good time." But it is safe to say that the largest proportion of postcards ever written bore that, or some similar message.

## A Quick Retort

Lord Birkenhead Reported To Have Been Somewhat Harsh In His Criticisms

Arrogance was the late Lord Birkenhead's constant quality. He was noted by any critic who dared against himself. When he was judged by ordinary standards applied to others, it affected him like blasphemy.

And when he could, he punished his critics, and that terribly. One characteristic example of his punitive methods occurred when he lunched with a certain American hostess in London.

Long before the meal was finished he drew out a cigar and began to smoke it. At a formal luncheon in London, England, this is still an unpardonable crime. The incensed hostess waited for a full in the conversation to demand with acid meanness:

"I hope you do not mind, Lord Birkenhead, if I go on eating while you smoke?"

The sledge hammer fell: "Certainly not. If you do it quietly."—Rebecca West in Outlook.

## An Enemy To Caterpillars

Figs Used To Rout Out Plague In Some Parts Of France

Pigs and various callings besides the humble one of becoming bacon. They are used in some parts of France to rout out caterpillars.

A plague of caterpillars descended on the valley of La Bruce, having come there from the forests of Hailenberg, where they stripped 6,000 acres of woodland trees of their leaves.

Pigs in droves have been turned out to do the forest and have been reinforced by poultry. These farmyard animals, in the endeavor to scratch a living, turn up the soil and destroy the caterpillars and the millions of pupae where they lie.

## Hunting In Canada

The provinces of Ontario and Quebec include within their boundaries some of the finest hunting territory in North America. The claim is made for Nova Scotia and New Brunswick that they harbour more moose to the square mile than any other portion of Canada.

## An All-Canadian Industry

Bank Of Money Made By Fishermen Stays In Dominion

Fishing commonly is thought of as a sport, an open-air recreation, with a rare charm for its devotees. But fishing also is one of Canada's major industries and has a value last year of more than \$53,000,000; it is represented by a Minister in the Federal Cabinet; and it has possibilities of easy development of special interest at a time when much thought is being given the extension of business and employment.

Commercial fishermen are hard-working, self-respecting, independent citizens. They do not want subsidies, they ask for nothing which is not secured by their own labor. But the fact is that in recent years they have found the going rough, with a market for their goods a little below the reasonable capacity of the industry. Now it is estimated that if Canadians were to buy and consume an additional 50,000,000 pounds of fish each year the industry would be set on its feet and the benefit to Canada would be immense. In other words, an average consumption by Canadians of five more pounds of fish per year would accomplish this desirable effect.

The fisherman's cash receipts circulate through many channels for supplies and equipment, and most of his money stays in Canada. It goes to ship-builders and engine manufacturers, to makers of sails and nets and traps, to the construction of piers and wharves and ice-houses. Much of it pays for labor in mines and factories producing the raw materials which go into the implements of the fisherman's trade. In canneries and fisheries, in handling and shipping.

Thus it will be seen that in the inexhaustible mine of the deep sea and the inland waters and the sturdy men who work them are possibilities of a much greater all-Canadian industry than now exists. Any steps which can be taken to build it up by encouraging the consumption of fish no doubt would accomplish this end, and it is to all Canadians who appreciate the infinite ramifications of the business.—Ottawa Journal.

## Lived To Ripe Old Age

Henry Jenkins Was Reported To Be 169 Years Old When He Died

In the churchyard of the little village of Bolton-on-Swale, Great Catterick Bridge, North Yorkshire, England, is a monument which records the fact that there lie the mortal remains of Henry Jenkins, who at the time of his death in 1670 was 169 years old.

He was called once as a witness at York Assizes in a case concerning the right-of-way of a certain road. A story is told of a lawyer's visit to Jenkins before the trial. The lawyer saw an old, white-faced man in the garden. He told his business, but the old man said he knew nothing about the matter, but perhaps his father might.

The lawyer went into the house and saw a still older man, feeble and shriveled. The latter explained that his memory was gone, but that his father, who was chopping sticks in the back yard, might be able to give the information wanted. The lawyer was surprised to find the grandfather hale and hearty at 169, and looking younger than his son and grandson.—John O' London's Weekly.

## A Hundred Million Trees

Since 1901 when the Department of the Interior through its Forest Service commenced the distribution to private farmers of seedlings and cuttings to establish shelterbelts to beautify and protect their homes well over 100,000,000 trees have been sent out.

Russia is to put into effect its first compulsory education law.



"Fridoline, don't leave me—"  
"Oh, you feel that I am indispensable!"  
"Don't leave me without telling me where you have put the key of the cellar."—Pages Gales, Yverdon.



## Feel Young Again Enjoy Hard Work

Millions of men and women all over the world take Kruschen Salts daily—not because they are really old, mind you—but because they know the little daily dose of Kruschen keeps them always fit, energetic and free from fat, and also keeps the system free from over-acidity.

People who take Kruschen Salts in a glass of hot water every morning don't have headaches, and are always free from constipation, depression, dizziness, coated tongue and unpleasant breath.

They have no pains in their system because the action of Kruschen Salts on the liver, kidneys and bowels causes perfect and regular elimination. If you want "joyous" healthy and glorious vigor—if you want to work hard and enjoy your work—try taking Kruschen Salts every day—millions of people are enjoying their daily labours, thanks to the "little daily dose" of Kruschen.

## THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

BY  
CHRISTINE WHITING  
PARMENTER

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CHAPTER V.—Continued.

"I've been a fool," he announced gravely to himself. "Perhaps this sudden heat has warped my judgment. But when I remember how those youngsters made Bakersville buzz by their hasty marriage—and how Mary and I were worn to a frazzle standing up for them, I can't bear that it shouldn't turn out right. Gay is a fine, sweet, splendid woman, if she does lack the wiles of her more sophisticated neighbor, and Nick's true blue, or I don't know the meaning of the phrase. I've made a mountain out of a mole hill, just because the boy's mind wandered when he saw that woman across the street. I'm an old fool! It's none of my business anyway." And with that comforting conclusion he went home to his Mary.

But later, when he and Mary strolled through their garden, discussing the highest possible, his mind went back to Nick. He wondered if the boy were strolling in another garden beside the blue-elad woman.

"Mary," he said, "have you met those people who bought Selma Smith's old house?"

"No. They haven't been to church, and I supposed they were hardly settled enough for callers after all they're doing to the house. I'm going to transplant some of those holly hocks, Johnny; they're too crowded. Would you put them on the east side of the garage, or near the wall?"

"I wish you'd call," answered her husband with irrelevance.

"Call? Oh, you mean on Mrs. Halliday? Have you met her?"

"Yes. Nick introduced me as we passed the house."

"And you like her looks? But she's young, Johnny. Perhaps she wouldn't want an old woman calling on her." John Maxwell laughed.

"Mary," he said, "you don't look over forty, or—"

"Fifty," supplied Mary, smiling, "or sixty, or possibly seventy! My dear, what a cinch it would be (to quote Jane), if the rest of the world could see me with your eyes! But, as you know perfectly well, I am thirty-nine years old; and to some women sixty-nine appeals old. But I'll call if you like, John. What made you ask it?"

John Maxwell bent down to examine a green shoot carefully; then straightened up and faced her.

"If you don't mind, I'll not answer that question now. I want an unbiased opinion of the woman, and I know no one else who can size up folks as you can. After you've turned in your report I'll confess everything."

"Confess?" laughed Mary Maxwell, and her husband said: "Don't worry. I may be a gay old dog, my dear, but it's not my own sin I'll confess when you bring your verdict—merely the fruit of my agile imagination."

"I never thought your imagination was especially active," replied his placid companion of fifty years, "but if I can save you the price of a detective I'll take the job! Come, dear, we must go in. It's getting damp."

It was also getting damp in another garden, a garden on Elm Street, where four people stood near a bed of peonies. Could John Maxwell have seen the group he would have been relieved, for if Nick were standing near his captivating neighbor, her husband was there also, as well as Gay. It was she who broke a silence that for some reason had become constrained.

"I don't like leaving the babies any longer. They might wake up."

"But I haven't shown you the plans for my rose garden!" protested Mrs. Halliday. "I've planted in the color and it's quite charming. Do come in. It will take only a moment; or, if you must go, Mrs. Hastings, perhaps your husband will stay and see it?"

She turned to Nick, sitting eyes that were almost childlike in their pleading. Her husband was watching, and a faint smile hovered on his lips, a smile that was, somehow, not pleasant to see.

"Nick," Nick answered, "we'd better be getting back; though if Sony called us we'd have no trouble hearing! He has the diaphragm of an elephant."

He cast a reluctant glance toward a far corner where the roses were some day to grow. It was a glance not lost on Mrs. Halliday, on her husband, or on Gay. There flashed through her mind, the memory of another night in May, when Simon Bartlett had given his advice. The words: "Give him plenty of rope to run on," came back to her with strange vividness. She turned to Nick.

"You stay, dear, and please generously. 'It won't take two to listen for the baby; and I know how much you'd like to see those plans.'"

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"You stay, dear, and please generously. 'It won't take two to listen for the baby; and I know how much you'd like to see those plans.'"

Halliday, still a spectator, shrugged his shoulders as if he wished his hands of some invisible affair. His eyes were on Gay now. They lit with a smile, half cynical, half pitying, as she extended a friendly hand in parting with her hostess. Then, and anyone being watching, they would have seen a vast amusement sweep his face. For Nick, also, stretched out a hand.

"Good-night, Mrs. Halliday," he said quietly. "I'll see the plans some other evening, if I may. This wife of mine is a rank coward when it comes to going into a dark house alone. I can't desert her. Good-evening, Halliday!"

He nodded to the lady's husband, and tucked Gay's arm within his own, turned toward the street.

For a moment Angela Halliday watched them, surprise in her eyes, as they disappeared into the night. Then her husband laughed, and said: "Didn't work this time, did it, old girl?" He stretched lazily, and moved toward the house. There he turned and added: "Somebody rather fond of that stupid little wife of his. Better let him alone, my dear. Remember the Ashleys?"

She wheeled on him furiously.

"You beast!" Even in her anger she spoke softly. "I loathe you!"

She went past him, inside, and slammed the door.

### CHAPTER VI.

As the sound of that slamming door carried across the garden, Nick glanced at Halliday's solitary figure facing back and forth on the front path, and laughed.

"Sounds as if somebody were mad, doesn't it?—only it can't be Halliday because he's still outside; and she doesn't look like the sort who would slam a door. She's got such—well, innocent eyes."

"Almost too innocent," said Gay quietly. "She must be thirty."

"Thirty?" Nick looked his surprise as they seated themselves on the top step of the little porch. "I should have said she wasn't twenty-five. Her husband's a good bit older. Somehow I don't exactly cotton to him."

"He has a cynical mouth, but he talked quite kindly to me when you and Mrs. Halliday were looking at the hollyhocks. He writes those so-called realistic things, you know, showing up everything unbearable in life, and nothing else. Out of pure curiosity I read one this afternoon, and it depressed me terribly. No wonder the man looks cynical if his mind runs in a groove like that!"

Nick smiled and said: "You always did view life through rose-colored spectacles, my dear. He looked at her closely, remembering John Maxwell's warning about the hollow in her cheeks. A street light across the way flared suddenly, illuminating her face, and with something of a shock Nick saw what his chief had meant.

"You beast," he said gently. "Are you feeling pretty tired?"

She turned with a sudden lovely smile, and slipped her hand in his.

"No more tired than I've been for a long time, Nick. I'll be all right now baby's sleeping better."

"You ought to put him in another room, Gay, and let me see to him. I can't have you getting all used up. Look here! why don't you take the kids and make a visit to Uncle Jim?"

"I don't want to go," she said, "but I'll see the plans some other evening, if I may. This wife of mine is a rank coward when it comes to going into a dark house alone. I can't desert her. Good-evening, Halliday!"

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## ZIG-ZAG Cigarette Papers

Large Double Book  
120 Leaves  
Includes Case & Box  
AVOID IMITATIONS  
NOW 5¢

The change would do you good. Bakersville's such an oven from now on; and the old man would be doctor to have you. I could come for you some Sunday in the silver and bring you home."

"And what would you do—here alone by yourself?"

"Oh, I'd worry alone. I'd eat down town. That lunch room's pre-good. Perhaps our new neighbors would take pity on me occasionally, and ask me to dine."

"Is that what you want me to go?" was the unexpected rejoinder. Nick grinned into the starlight.

"Not jealous, are you? If I remember rightly our wise Uncle Simon advised you not to mind if I noticed a pretty face and the fact of it that Mrs. Halliday has got one!"

"Yes—she's pretty; but—well—Oh, Nick, of course I'm not jealous; but I can't help feeling that she sort of—scoorns me. Perhaps it's just her wretched clothes; but somehow she makes me feel crude and contrived."

"The idea!" Nick laughed, but the laugh didn't ring exactly true, and for some reason she couldn't quite define, Gay moved a space away.

### Rugby Played By Romans

Game Was Not Introduced By Rugby School As Supposed

The birthplace of Rugby football is generally accepted to have been Rugby School, but the game really goes back farther than that. The Romans played it in the time of Caesar, and it is thought that they copied it from the Greeks. They called it "harpastum," a Greek word meaning "to seize."

It was so called because of the efforts of the players to seize and carry the ball from their opponents and in this respect the game resembled the modern game of Rugby. In harpastum the players were divided into two bands. Behind each side was a line drawn. Between them was another line and the ball was thrown up on this line, the two sides then striving to carry it over their opponents' line. No doubt the Romans brought the game into Britain, for it is the ancient town of Chester a ball game was played which closely resembled Rugby. It is also chronicled that the first game was played with the heads of a Dane who had been captured and slain. In the Tudor period the game had made such headway that a statute was issued forbidding it as it became a serious hindrance to the practice of Archery.

Useful In Camp—Explorers, surveyors, prospectors and hunters will find "The Thomas" Electric Light very useful in camp. When the feet and legs are wet and cold it is well to rub them freely with the Oil and the result will be the prevention of pains in the muscles, and should a cut, or contusion, or sprain be sustained nothing could be better as a dressing or lotion.

### Some Old Words

According to an "American Dictionary" being compiled at the University of Chicago, to show the historical development of new words in this country, "anglophobia" has been in use since 1780; "anti-saloon" has its appearance in 1838; and "anast" as a baseball term became current in 1891.

Minard's Liniment aids Sore Feet.

New Headlights For Autos.

Automobile headlights which throw a beam of light in the direction in which the wheels of the car are turned have been invented by a Glasgow, Scotland, man, and are being tested by the fire department of Edinburgh.

Depression In Ransoms.

The \$300,000 ransom originally demanded by Chinese bandits for the release of a captive Lutheran missionary has been reduced to \$15,000. Like everything else, the monetary value of missionaries has gone down a whole lot since the depression.

Visitor to northern town: "What very changeable weather you get here?"

Native: Changeable, do you call it, sir? If it had been changeable, we'd have changed it long ago!

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment relieves toothaches and neuralgia. Invaluable in cases of croup, sore throat and quinsy. Keep a bottle handy.

Winnipeg Building Returns.

During the first ten months of the year a total of 474 private dwellings have been built in Winnipeg at an aggregate value of \$2,380,000.

Minard's Liniment for Frost Bite.

FROM MOTHER  
OF EIGHTEEN

Read How This Medicine  
Helps Her

Cardston, Alberta—"I am fifty-eight years old and the mother of eighteen living children. We live on a farm and I am a very healthy mother considering my age."

"I have such a family to work for. The druggist first told me about Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I have deepened it for many years."

"When I had this picture taken, the photographer was telling me about his wife's ailments and after I told him about the Vegetable Compound he went to the drug store and bought her two bottles."—Mrs. BERTHA GALLAGHER, 38, Cardston, Alberta.

## Combating Tuberculosis

Great Advances Have Been Made In Recent Years In Dealing With This Scourge

(By Canadian Social Hygiene Council.)

Nearly fifty years ago a keen young doctor in Germany, who knew how to make use of his old mistakes, found a new germ, or seed, of disease, or rather found for the first time a very old germ which has slain its tens of thousands, and indeed its many millions, since the world began. That young man was Robert Koch, and the germ was the germ of tuberculosis.

Before this was found the doctors knew a score of diseases in different parts of the body that were characterized by minute tubers or tubercles. Among these was consumption, which attacked the lungs chiefly, and which was aptly called "the Captain of the Men of Death." Now, when the new germ was found, it was seen that all of these apparently different diseases were caused by this one germ young Doctor Koch had found. So they were henceforth considered one disease, and called by the one name, "Tuberculosis."

Now these diseases, or rather this disease, has been for centuries, and was still, the greatest of all killers of the human race. More than one in ten of all people die of it. For generation after generation an average village of four thousand people had at least three funerals a year from this cause alone. And most of them were funerals of young men and women, many of them of young fathers and young mothers.

But when it was announced that the germ or seed of this disease had at last been found hope ran very high. Here was the germ. All that was needed was to destroy it. What three funerals a year from this cause alone. And most of them were funerals of young men and women, many of them of young fathers and young mothers.

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## An Automatic Machine Gun

If Button Is Pressed It Will Go on Firing Indefinitely

A Scandinavian engineer has just perfected an admirable little machine gun which is capable of firing a thousand bullets per minute. The beauty of this ingenious mechanical contraption lies in the fact that it requires nobody to sit behind it to do the firing. The gunner, in fact, may be sitting comfortably in a safe distance of miles from the danger zone, if only he presses a button the machine goes on firing and sending people to a land where there is no war. Airplanes without pilots raining destruction on cities, and machine guns without gunners, it begins to look like the beginning of the end. For obviously every state will try to get hold of as many of these machine guns as possible. And once they have the required number, and war breaks out, there will be no armies to face each other, just automatic machine guns firing away at each other. If that ever happens men will perhaps realize how useless it is to spend astronomical sums of money for cannon and tanks.

Is There a Baby In Your Home?

Is there a baby or young children in your home? If there is you should not be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. Making ailments come quickly and means should always be at hand to promptly fight them. Baby's Own Tablets are the ideal home remedy. They regulate the bowels; sweeten the stomach; banish indigestion and indigestion; break they relieve all the minor ills of little up-cups and simple fevers—in fact, Baby's Own Tablets are the best ones. Concerning them, Mrs. Moise writes in the world for little ones: "My baby suffered terribly from indigestion and vomiting, but the Tablets soon set her right and now she is in perfect health." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Discovers New Germ

Scientists Believe They Have Located Germ Of Infantile Paralysis

In an unidentified substance appearing in the form of elongated particles, which were taken from a victim of the disease, science hopes to have found the long-sought germ of infantile paralysis.

Dr. Sergius F. Grace told the Science Forum in New York that Francis P. Lucas had photographed with his ultra-violet microscope a germ which had never been seen before and the significance of which still is in doubt.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

Have Preference For Widows

British Columbia men prefer widows, the percentage of remarriage in this province being greater than any other Canadian province, according to figures of the British Columbia Workmen's Compensation Board as furnished by E. S. Wynn, chairman of the board.

World's Cattle Population

Canada stands tenth among the nations of the world in cattle population. In round millions India leads with 148; Russia, 67; the U.S., 56; the Argentine, 37; Brazil, 34; Germany, 18; France,

**The Church of Ascension**

**CROSSFIELD**  
 Sunday, December 7th.  
 Bible Sunday  
 Evensong. Address—"The Bible"  
 A. D. CURRIE, Priest-in-charge.

**LEYDEN & BRUCE**

**Funeral Directors**  
 Private Ambulance in Connection  
 Phone M 9101  
 1707 Second Street West Calgary  
 W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

**DENTIST**

**Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,**  
 218a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace  
 Theatre, Calgary.

**Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICA**

of the firm of Millican & Millican, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lakeside Building, Calgary, will be at Trearway & Springstons' office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

**Council Meetings**

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.  
 W. McRory, Sec.-Treas.

**DENTIST**

**Dr. J. Milton Warren**  
 Will be in Crossfield on Saturday of each week at the Oliver Hotel  
 Also at Carstairs every Monday

**Walter Major**

**Contractor and Builder**  
 Estimates Given Plans Prepared  
 Alterations a Specialty.  
 Box 84 Crossfield

**All Kinds of****TINSMITHING WORK**

Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently Done.

Repair Work will receive immediate attention.

Is Your Furnace Ready for Winter?

**J. L. McRory**

Crossfield Alberta

**Classified Advertisements****For Sale**

Chinchilla Rabbits, doe and buck \$6.00; also ten young at \$1.25 each. All in good condition. Apply to Mrs. Sam Collins

**CALVES WANTED**

Apply to THOS. FITZGERALD  
 Phone R315, Crossfield

**FOR SALE**—4 brood sows, and 15 young sows. Apply to

**A. HOFFMAN**

On the Hogan Place  
 3 Miles North and 14 miles East of Crossfield

**SELLING**—Bronze Turkey Toms weighing from 18 to 20 lbs., sired by tom weighing 30 lbs. Price 25c per lb. Also Barres, Rock Cockerels, R. O. P. stock. Price \$1.25 each.

MRS. T. M. MAIR,  
 Phone 703

**FOR SALE**—Poland China Boar. This an imported boar and a good one.

**FRANK RUDDY**

Phone R205

**Sid Jones****HARNESS MAKER**

Shoes and Harness Repaired  
**FOR CASH**

Trca Building Crossfield

**Marcelling Sewing**

All kinds of Alterations and re-lining coats. Dry Cleaning  
 Mrs. G. Gazeley

**Rosebud Pancake Flour**

Easy to Make. Delicious to Eat.

No Indigestion when eaten.

GET IT AT YOUR GROCERS

Rosebud Flour Mills Co. Ltd.

Didsbury

**Local News**

Miss Edith Seville was a visitor in Calgary on Saturday.

You get another chance at the dollar you spend at home.

The New Spartan Radios sell for \$108.00 on easy terms. See Gibson.

Mrs. Adam Cruickshank was a visitor in Calgary on Tuesday.

Kenneth Gilchrist was a visitor in Calgary on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Collicott returned from Toronto on Saturday.

Miss Frances Mobbs and Miss Eva Jarman spent the week-end in Calgary.

Miss Frances McFadyen returned from her visit to Parkland on Saturday.

If you have no fire insurance on your buildings, now is the time to get it. See T. Tredaway.

Mrs. Stearns of Calgary is spending the week at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. G. Gazeley.

Toyland is now open at Laut's store. Come in and bring the kids.

The Oneil Christmas Concert will be held in the school house on Tuesday, Dec. 23 at 8.15.

Ed Hendrickson was renewing acquaintances in town on Tuesday. That big laugh of Ed's is still hitting on all cylinders.

Don't forget the Sunshine Music Club dance in the U.F.A. Hall on Friday night of this week. A good time assured.

One dozen personal greeting cards with your greeting, name and address printed on for \$1.50 at the Chronicle office.

A meeting of those interested in the Annual Burns' Supper will be held in the fire hall, on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 6 at 3 o'clock.

The Rodney School will hold their Christmas concert on Saturday, December 20th, commencing at 8.30 sharp.

Remember the big turkey shoot in Crossfield on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 6. Bring yours scatter gun or a 22 rifle. Plenty of great big turkeys. Try and get 'em.

Thos. Mair J. P. Metheral and Frank Purvis attended the sale of dairy cattle at Calgary on Wednesday.

Stanley Reid and Don McCarthy returned on Saturday from a successful moose hunt. Don got a great big moose, while Stanley seen his but he got away.

A meeting of the Floral Local U.F.W. A. will be held at the home of Mrs. H. M. Seville at 2 o'clock sharp, Dec. 10th. Roll call—Xmas Gift Suggestions.

The Bridge Club met at the home of Mrs. Arnold High on Tuesday night. Mrs. J. Reeves winning first prize and Mrs. W. E. Spivey, second. A dainty lunch was served by the hostess.

Do your Christmas shopping at any old time, but be sure to spend your money with your local merchant. Don't let the money get out of the district—it never comes back. Think it over.

Local stores are now taking on a Christmas appearance. Laut's store has a very nice window display and with the centre of the store decorated as toyland, it gives you that Christmas feeling, and is a delight to the children.

The Board of Trade have arranged to have Hon. J. F. Lyburn, Attorney General of Alberta, address a public meeting on Monday evening Dec. 15 at 8 p.m. Don't forget the date.

Adam Cruickshank and Olaf Kolstad of Airdrie are out west of Olds on a big game hunt. Glen Williams went out with them and spent the week-end, but he did not get a shot at a moose or even a jack rabbit.

Wm. Laut attended the directors meeting of the Alberta Provincial Liberal Association held in Red Deer on Friday last. Judging by the large attendance present there is still plenty of kick in the Liberal party in Alberta.

Mr. and Mrs. George Murdoch, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Russell, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Stevens attended the St. Andrews dance held at Carstairs on Friday night. All report a most enjoyable time.

Dr. Warren, dentist, will be at the Oliver Hotel, Crossfield on every second and fourth Monday in the month, and at Carstairs on every first and third Monday of each month.

Remember, to keep the night of December 22nd free so that you may be able to attend Crossfield's Christmas Tree and Concert.

The Crossfield Swastika group are planning a Novelty Tea for Saturday, December 6th. Each member will make two novelties as her own donation, materials for others will be paid for from funds and with a few other novelties donated from outsiders they expect to have an attractive looking Novelty table. They will also have the usual home-cooking and candy stand, and the Rummage table. Don't forget the date—Saturday, Dec. 6th.

The concert held under the auspices of the Church of England was quite a success, both musically and financially.

The singing of the different parts, tenor by Edgar Phys; bass by D. Jones-Davies; soprano by Mrs. T. Vicars and quartette party, Messrs, Evans and Morse. Mention must be made also of the brilliant accompaniment of F. Trevelyan and humorous sayings and recitations of W. S. Currie.

All the items were heartily endorsed. After the concert the party adjourned to the Oliver Cafe for supper. All stated how they enjoyed their stay and hoped to return to Crossfield at some future time.

The coal man, the grocery man, the butcher man, the light and power man, and even the landlord, have all gone into the cash business, all of which makes it hard on the printer who has to provide for a large women and a small family. Don't forget to pay for Chronicle. Thank you.

Mrs. H. C. Mobbs, Mrs. Geo. Murdoch and Mrs. Smeton were joint hostesses at a most delightful "Chain Snowball Tea" given at the home of Mrs. Mobbs on Tuesday afternoon. These chain teas are given by the members of the Ladies Aid and are very popular.

**Free Meals Now**

On November 28th, Geo. Evenow, decided he would get a cheap meal, so he and his two sons went in and ate at the Home Cafe, and said they would be back in a few minutes to pay, going outside they stepped into their car and beat it north. They were picked up at Carstairs, and now the father Geo. Evenow is spending thirty days in Fort Saskatchewan jail, after appearing before Ivor Lewis, police magistrate.

**Auction Sale**

I have received instructions to sell by Public Auction from

**Mrs. MARY HEHR**

at her farm on Sec. 18, Twp. 29,

Range 28, West of 4th.

6 and a 1-2 Miles North-East of Crossfield, on

**Wed., December 10th.**

Sale at 11 a.m. sharp

5 Milch Cows

11 head of Cattle

6 Calves

Registered Hereford Bull, 20 months old.

HOGS—10 Pigs 20 months old

50 Chickens

9 Head of Horses

4 Sets of Harness

A complete line of Implements.

Household Goods, Etc.

Everything must be sold to Mrs.

Hehr is moving to Saskatchewan.

Terms: Strictly Cash.

See large bills for full particulars.

Leslie Farr, Auctioneer

**Village of Crossfield**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that, under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act, 1929, the Village of Crossfield will offer for sale, by public auction, at the Municipal Office, in Crossfield, Alberta, at 2 o'clock p. m. on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13th, 1930, the following lands:

Lot	Block	Plan
21	2	4504 I
E4 11	2	4504 I
15	4	4504 I
17	3	4504 I
3	14	3792 R
5	14	3792 R
9 and 10 incl. 14		3792 R
13 to 17 incl. 22		1632 R
6 to 9 incl.	23	1632 R

The above lands will be offered for sale subject to a reserve bid and the reservation contained in the existing certificates of title Terms cash.

Redemption may be effected by paying in full the arrears and costs at any time prior to date of sale.

Dated at Crossfield this 11th. day of October, 1930.

WILSON McRORY,

Secretary-Treasurer

Copy Alberta Gazette

Friday, October 31st, 1930.

A whist drive and dance will be held in the Beaverdam Hall on Wednesday, Dec. 10. A good entertainment will be given, including musical selections, pipers, etc. Admission: Gent's 25c, Ladies bring refreshments.

The Women's Institute will hold their annual meeting on Thursday, Dec. 11 at the home of Mrs. S. Willis at 3 o'clock.

A special musical program has been arranged. Everyone is urged to attend. Roll call—Current events. The membership fee will be reduced from one dollar to fifty cents for the coming year.

**"A Real Prize Winner"**

Our Winnings this year at the various Exhibitions consist of: 2 Firsts, Silver Medal and Diploma at Brandon Exhibition. A First and Second Prize at Edmonton and 2 Seconds at Regina.

We Have Five Samples Entered at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto. They come up for judging on Nov. 19. WATCH FOR FURTHER ANNOUNCEMENTS

For general scoring on all butter made throughout Alberta this year we have the highest standing of almost any Creamery in Alberta.

When Ordering Creamery Butter From Your Grocer Be Sure To Ask For

**Carstairs Creamery Butter**

# UNDER CONTROL OR NO CONTROL

**UNDER CONTROL :** with beer being sold by reputable licensed hotels under government supervision.

**NO CONTROL :** with bootleggers running rampant as in the old prohibition days.

**Reasons why you should NOT sign the prohibition petition urging the government to abolish the sale of beer by the glass or bottle, thus doing away with the beer rooms, clubs and canteens.**

1. The proposal to disturb the act comes from a small body of people whose social theories have not withstood the test of actual experience.
2. The Trades and Labor Congress are on record as being in favor of the sale of beer-by-the-glass.
3. By virtue of the local option provisions of the act, communities may extinguish a license when a majority of public opinion so expresses itself.
4. No license has been withdrawn as a result of a local option vote either in 1929 or 1930, though licenses attacked were at points where conditions appeared to the prohibitionists, as favorable to a dry result.
5. In a total of 58 local option votes taken since the act came into force only four licenses have been cancelled as a result of votes; and these licenses were, in every case, adversely affected by peculiar local influence.
6. Absence of criticism at the last two provincial elections.
7. Hotel accommodation, particularly at country points, has improved as a direct result of the act, to a standard unequalled in any other province.
8. The general endorsement of the act by the travelling public and the willingness of the public generally to assist in enforcing the act by giving information regarding infractions and interdicting those needing protection from their own weakness.
9. Bootlegging and moonshining have been eliminated as remunerative pursuits. This, together with strict government control, has placed all intoxicating liquor beyond the reach of minors; fewer cases of intoxication in the police courts, in spite of a considerable increase in population. Leave the police of the province free to perform their natural functions, that of protecting the people, not taking up their time trying to enforce what has proved to be unenforceable legislation. Remember you cannot legislate men's minds, because they will never obey a law they do not respect. This was proven in prohibition days.
10. The operation of the act provides a large public revenue (41 cents of every 10c expended) this has helped to increase the general revenue of the province and prevent increased taxation. Formerly such revenue went to the bootleggers and moonshiners.
11. Official reports commend the act as eminently practical. They contain no important criticism of the act's clauses. Police reports indicate a continuous improvement in the general state of law and order.
12. The real motive prompting the petition is to render the act unworkable by eliminating the retail sale of beer-by-the-glass or bottle; the ultimate aim being a return to total prohibition.

**If the beer rooms and clubs are abolished what does the Prohibition Party suggest to take their place? Is it to be liquor for the wealthy and prohibition for the worker?**

**The Moderation League of Alberta.**